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SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

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Requester's Full Name: Art Unit: _ 175み	Sin J. Lec	Examine	r#: 76060 Date: 8-//-1
Mail Box and Bldg/Room I	Location: 9060	Results Format	T#: 76.60 Date: 8-11-1 Number: 10/679,76 Preferred (circle): PAPER, DISK E-
If more than one search is	CRêm.)	PAPER, DISK E-
Include the elected species or stru utility of the invention Define	nt of the search topic, and ctures, keywords, synony	describe as specifically	s in order of need. ************** as possible the subject matter to be searched stry numbers, and combine with the concept examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, i
	at sheet, pertinent cla	aims and abates at	SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR
Inventors (please provide full na	mes):		SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR
Earliest Priority Filing Date:			AUG 2 : Retai
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appropriate serial number.	e include all pertinent infor	mation (parant al 2 t	Pat. & T.M. Office isional, or issued patent numbers) along with th
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Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	
Date Completed: 9 / 9 / 6 5	Bibliographic	Dr.Link	
Searcher Prep & Review Time: 50	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	
Clerical Prep Time: 3 0	Fulltext	Sequence Systems	
Online Time: 90	Patent Family Other	www/Internet	
PTO-1590 (8-01)		Other (specify)	

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A composition suitable for formation of a spin-on antireflective layer comprising

 a silicon polymer having a plurality of reactive sites distributed along the polymer for reaction with a crosslinking component, and chromophore moieties; and
- The back bone or in the side group, wherein n is an integer of 1-15 and the Si-(Si)_n moieties in moieties represent linear, branched or cyclic silanes, or any combination thereof.
 - 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein said Si-(Si)_n moieties in the side group comprise formula I, II or III.

wherein, R is each independently selected from an organic moiety, a halogen or a silane, and X is each independently selected from an organic moiety or a halogen, said organic moiety is substituted or unsubstituted hydrocarbon comprising linear or branched alkyl, aryl, halogenated linear or branched alkyl, halogenated aryl, cyclic alkyl, halogenated cyclic alkyl, or any combination thereof.

3. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an acid generator.

- 4. The composition of claim 3, wherein the acid generator is a thermal acid generator.
- 5. The composition of claim 3, wherein the acid generator is a photoacid generator.
- 6. The composition of claim 1, wherein said reactive sites are selected from the group consisting of alcohols, amino groups, imino groups, carboxlic acids, vinyl ethers, expoxides and mixtures thereof.
- 7. The composition of claim 1, wherein said chromophore moieties contain unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds.
- 8. The composition of claim 1, wherein said chromophore moieties contain linear alkyl, branched alkyl or cycloalkyl.
- 9. The composition of claim 1, wherein said crosslinking compound comprises a glycoluril compound.
- 10. The composition of claim 3, wherein said acid generator is a thermally activated acid generator.
- 11. The composition of claim 2, wherein said Si-(Si)_n moieties is -Si-(Si-(CH₃)₃)₃.
- 12. The composition of claim 1, wherein said reactive site is an alcohol group.
- 13. The composition of claim 1, wherein said chromophore is phenyl group.
- 14. A method of forming a patterned material feature on a substrate, the method comprising:

providing a material layer on a substrate,

forming a organic underlayer over the material layer and then an antireflective/hardmask layer over the organic underlayer, said antireflective/hardmask comprising a polymer according to claim 1,

forming a radiation-sensitive imaging layer over the antireflective/hardmask layer, and patternwise exposing the imaging layer to radiation thereby creating a pattern of radiation-exposed regions in the imaging layer,

selectively removing portions of the imaging layer, the antireflective layer and the underlayer to expose portions of the material layer, and

etching, electroplating, metal depositing or ion implanting the exposed portions of the material layer, thereby forming the patterned material feature.

- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said antireflective/hardmask layer further comprising an acid generator.
- 16. The method of claim 14, wherein said polymer includes a plurality of reactive sites distributed along the polymer for reaction with a crosslinking component, and chromophore moieties, and a crosslinking component.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said reactive sites are selected from the group consisting of alcohols, amino groups, imino groups, carboxlic acids, vinyl ethers, expoxides and mixtures thereof.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said chromophore moieties contain unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds.
- 19. The composition of claim 16, wherein said chromophore moieties contain linear alkyl, branched alkyl or cycloalkyl.

- 20. The method of claim 15, wherein said acid generator is a thermally activated acid generator.
- 21. The method of claim 15, wherein said acid generator is a photoacid generator.
- 22. A method of forming a patterned material feature on a substrate, the method comprising:

providing a material layer on a substrate,

forming an antireflective/hardmask layer over the metal layer, said antireflective/hardmask comprising a polymer according to claim 1,

forming a radiation-sensitive imaging layer over the antireflective/hardmask layer, and patternwise exposing the imaging layer to radiation thereby creating a pattern of radiation-exposed regions in the imaging layer,

selectively removing portions of the imaging layer, and
etching, electroplating, metal depositing or ion implanting the exposed portions
of the material layer, thereby forming the patterned material feature.

- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said antireflective/hardmask layer further comprising an acid generator.
- 24. The method of claim 22, wherein said polymer includes a plurality of reactive sites distributed along the polymer for reaction with a crosslinking component, and chromophore moieties, and a crosslinking component.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said reactive sites are selected from the group consisting of alcohols, amino groups, imino groups, carboxlic acids, vinyl ethers, expoxides and mixtures thereof
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein said chromophore moieties contain unsaturated

carbon-carbon bonds.

- 27. The composition of claim 24, wherein said chromophore moieties contain linear alkyl, branched alkyl or cycloalkyl.
- 28. The method of claim 24, wherein said acid generator is a thermally activated acid generator.
- 29. The method of claim 24, wherein said acid generator is a photoacid generator.

regions in the imaging layer, selectively removing portions of the imaging layer, the antireflective/hardmask layer and the organic underlayer to expose portions of the material layer, and etching, electroplating, metal depositing or ion implanting the exposed portions of the material layer, thereby forming the patterned material feature.

An embodiment of the invention also encompasses methods of making lithographic structures. The embodiment also includes a deposition process wherein various layers are formed atop each other.

Another embodiment of the present invention relates to a method of making of a novolac polymer combining a silane-substituted phenol with formalin. In this embodiment, p-,o- or m- actoxystyrene styrene is hydrosilated with tris(trimethylsilyl)silane, methylbis(trimethylsilyl)silane or pentamethyldisilane, then the hydrosilated product is hydrolyzed with NH₄OH to form a silane substituted phenol. The silane phenol is then condensed with formaldehyde to form a novolacsilane. One example of the novolacsilane structure is shown below:

One embodiment of the invention involves the use of the ARC/hardmask compositions for lithographic processes using mid-UV, 190-300 nm deep UV, 125-160 nm vacuum UV, EUV, X-ray, or e-beam or other imaging radiation.

```
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:13:01 ON 09 SEP 2005
=> d his
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:44:47 ON 09 SEP 2005
              1 S US20050074689/PN
L1
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:45:10 ON 09 SEP 2005
L2
             5 S E1-E5
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:48:54 ON 09 SEP 2005
L3
               STR
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:51:56 ON 09 SEP 2005
L4
                SCR 2043
             50 S L3 AND L4
L5
L6
                STR L3
L7
            50 S L6 AND L4
L8
             STR L6
L9
            50 S L8 AND L4
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:17:03 ON 09 SEP 2005
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:32 ON 09 SEP 2005
          1669 S L8 AND L4 FUL
L10
               SAV L10 LEE782/A
L11
                STR
L12
            22 S L11 SAM SUB=L10
           458 S L11 FUL SUB=L10
L13
L14
          1211 S L10 NOT L13
                SAV L14 LEE782A/A
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:26:35 ON 09 SEP 2005
L15
           725 S L14
L16
            45 S L15(L) COMPOSITION?
L17
              1 S L16 AND L1
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:13:01 ON 09 SEP 2005
=> d que 116
L4
                SCR 2043
L8
                STR
   5 7
   A A
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A፠Si፠Si፠A
1 % 3 4
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   6
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC
      IS RC
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NSPEC
       IS RC
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NSPEC
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NSPEC
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=> fil reg

NSPEC IS RC AT 7
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 7

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10 1669 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 AND L4

L11 STR

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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 1
NSPEC IS RC AT 2
NSPEC IS RC AT 3
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L13 458 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L10 SSS FUL L11

L14 1211 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 NOT L13

L15 725 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L14

L16 45 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15(L)COMPOSITION?

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:13:18 ON 09 SEP 2005

=> d l16 1-45 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:303259 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:382179

TITLE:

Silicon-containing compositions for spin-on

ARC/hard mask materials

INVENTOR (S):

Angelopoulos, Marie; Huang, Wu-Song;

Mahorowila, Arpan P.; Moreau, Wayne; Pfeiffer,

Dirk; Scooriyakumaren, Ratnam

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

US 2005074689 A1 20050407 US 2003-679782

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

present app.

TD 2005115290	2.2	20050420	TD	2004 201046		2003 1006
JP 2005115380	A2	20050428	JP	2004-291846		2004
	•			•		1004
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	2003-679782	Α	
						2003
•						1006

AB Antireflective compns. characterized by the presence of an Si-containing polymer having pendant chromophore moieties are useful antireflective coating/hard mask compns. in lithog. processes. These compns. provide outstanding optical, mech. and etch selectivity properties while being applicable using spin-on application techniques. The compns. are especially useful in lithog. processes used to configure underlying material layers on a substrate, especially metal or semiconductor layers.

IT 849346-62-9P

(preparation of silicon-containing compns. for spin-on ARC/hardmask materials)

RN 849346-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Formaldehyde, polymer with 4-[2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl]phenol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 849346-60-7 CMF C17 H36 O Si4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SiMe3} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{Si--}\text{SiMe3} \\ \\ \text{SiMe3} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 50-00-0 CMF C H2 O

 $H_2C = 0$

IC ICM G03F007-00

INCL 430270100; 430322000; 430323000; 430324000

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

IT 849346-62-9P

(preparation of silicon-containing compns. for spin-on ARC/hardmask materials)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:675002 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:210048

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Solar array with plastic film substrate Sakai, Tatsuya; Sawada, Katsutoshi; Okita,

Kenzo; Oshima, Noboru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

JSR. Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 55 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:]

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004235539	A2	20040819	JP 2003-24133	2003
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-24133	0131
	/			2003 0131

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:210048

AB The disclosed solar array is characterized in that plastic film breaking elongation 6-10% and breakdown strength of 40-50 MPa is used as the substrate and ≥ 1 of the semiconductor layers are made from a composition containing Si particles, higher order silane, and a hydrogenated silane. The substrate is preferably prepared from copolymers of polycyclic olefins with specified structures. The solar arrays have good flexibility, durability, and thermal stability.

IT 61596-90-5P, Decaphenylcyclopentasilane homopolymer
 (coating composition for solar array semiconductor layer
 film formation)

RN 61596-90-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclopentasilane, decaphenyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1770-54-3 CMF C60 H50 Si5

IC ICM H01L031-04

ICS C08F008-04; C08F232-08

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 38

film formation)

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:293281 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:329540

TITLE: Polymerizable silicon-containing compound for

polymer resist composition and patterning

process

INVENTOR(S): Kinsho, Takeshi; Watanabe, Takeru; Haseqawa,

Koji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Japan

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004067436	Al	20040408	US 2003-671732	2003
JP 2004115762	A2	20040415	JP 2002-285171	0929
			•	0930
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-285171 A	
•				2002
				0930

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:329540

AB Polymerizable silicon-containing compds. of formula:
(CH3)3SiCH2C(=CH2)C(=O)OR1 (R1 = hydrogen, halogen or monovalent
organic group) are polymerized into polymers. A resist composition comprising
the polymer as a base resin is sensitive to high-energy radiation,
has excellent sensitivity and resolution at a wavelength of less than
300 nm, and high resistance to oxygen plasma etching, and thus
lends itself to micropatterning for the fabrication of VLSIs.

IT 677775-98-3P

(polymerizable silicon-containing compound for polymer resist composition and patterning process)

RN 677775-98-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-, 1-ethylcyclopentyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 677775-96-1 CMF C18 H44 O2 Si5

```
H<sub>2</sub>C
                              SiMe3
                    CH2-CH2-
                              SiMe/3
     CM
     CRN
          677775-93-8
     CMF
          C11 H18 O4 Si
          CH_2
            -CH2−Siþ∕ie3
     CM
     CRN
          677775/92-7
     CMF
          C14 H26 O2 Si
              CH2-SiMe3
       Εt
     ICM / G03C001-73
     ICS (G03F007-039; G03F007-20; G03F007-30; G03F007-38; G03F007-36
INCL 430270100; 430905000; 430907000; 430910000; 430326000; 430914000;
     430327000; 430328000; 430331000; 430313000
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
IT
     677775-97-2P 677775-98-3P
                                                 677776-00-0P
                                  677775-99-4P
        (polymerizable silicon-containing compound for polymer resist
        composition and patterning process)
```

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:979493 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:218814

TITLE:

Tailoring of the morphology and chemical composition of thin organosilane microwave plasma polymer layers on metal substrates

AUTHOR(S):

Grundmeier, G.; Thiemann, P.; Carpentier, J.;

Shirtcliffe, N.; Stratmann, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Max-Planck-Institut fuer Eisenforschung,

Duesseldorf, 40237, Germany

SOURCE:

Thin Solid Films (2004), 446(1), 61-71

CODEN: THSFAP; ISSN: 0040-6090

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The growth of thin microwave organosilicon plasma polymers on model zinc surfaces was investigated as a function of the film thickness and the oxygen partial pressure during film deposition. The evolution of the topol. of the film was studied by atomic force microscopy (AFM). The nano- and micro-roughness was investigated at the inner and the outer surfaces of the plasma polymers. A special etching procedure was developed to reveal the underside of the plasma polymer and thereby its inner surface. Rough films contained voids at the interface, which reduced the polymer/metal contact area. The increase in oxygen partial pressure led to a smoother film growth with a perfect imitation of the substrate topog. at the interface. The chemical structure of the films was determined by IR reflection absorption spectroscopy (IRRAS), XPS and time-of-flight secondary ion mass spectroscopy (ToF-SIMS). ToF-SIMS at the outer and the inner surface of the plasma polymers showed that the d. of methylsilyl groups increases in the outer surface layer of the plasma polymer and depends on the oxygen partial pressure. The chemical composition of the films could be altered to pure SiO2 without changing the morphol. by using oxygen-plasma post-treatment. This was proved by means of IRRAS and AFM. Chemical and topol. of the films were correlated with the apparent water contact angle. It was found that a linear relationship exists between the nanoscopic rowghness of the plasma polymer and the static contact angle of water. Superposition of a nanoscopic roughness of the metal surface and the nanoscopic roughness of methylsilyl-rich films led to ultra-hydrophobic films with water contact angles up to/160°.

IT 61469-35-0, Hexamethyldisilane homopolymer

(control morpho1. and chemical composition of thin plasma-prepared organosilane polymer films on zinc substrates) 61469-35-0 HCAPLUS

RN 61469-35-0 HCAPLUS CN Disilane, hexamethyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 1450-14-2 CMF C6 H18 Si2

Me
Me-Si-Me
Me-Si-Me
Me-Si-Me
Me

CM

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

61469-35-0, Hexamethyldisilane homopolymer

(control morphol. and chemical composition of thin

plasma-prepared organosilane polymer films on zinc substrates)

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THE

THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:950586 HCAPLUS

DATE

2003 0502

2003 0430

2002 0502

LEE 10/679,782 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:21273 Resist composition and patterning process TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Hatakeyama, Jun; Kurihara, Hideshi; Takeda, Takanobu; Watanabe, Osamu PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. ----,-------------US 2003224291 Α1 20031204 US 2003-427939 JP 2003-124633 JP 2004027210 A2 20040129 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-130326 Chemical amplified pos. photoresist compns. comprises a polymer AB obtained by copolymg. a silicon-containing monomer with a polar monomer having a value of LogP or c-LogP of up to 0.6 and optionally hydroxystyrene, a photoacid generator and an organic solvent are sensitive to high-energy radiation and have a high sensitivity and resolution at a wavelength of less than 300 nm and improved resistance to oxygen plasma etching. ΙT 630417-20-8P 630417-24-2P (photoresist composition for patterning process) 630417-20-8 HCAPLUS RN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, hexahydro-5-oxo-2,6-methanofuro[3,2-CN b]furan-3-yl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenol and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Cuboluty combound CM 1 · CRN 274248-05-CMF C11 H12 OF

CM

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

RN 630417-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenol, hexahydro-5-oxo-2,6-methanofuro[3,2-b]furan-3-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 274248-05-4 CMF C11 H12 O5

CM 2

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

CM

CRN 585-07-9 CMF C8 H14 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{t-BuO-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

ICM G03F007-038 ICS G03F007-38; G03F007-40

INCL 430270100; 430330000; 430311000; 430313000

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

IT 630417-20-8P 630417-22-0P 630417-24-2P 630417-26-4P

(photoresist composition for patterning process)

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:568830 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:125125

TITLE:

Far-UV-sensitive positive-working resist compositions containing phenacylsulfonium

salts as photoacid generators

INVENTOR(S):

Uenishi, Kazuya; Kodama, Kunihiko Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003207896	A2	20030725	JP 2002-7635	
				2002 0116
US 2003170562	A1	20030911	US 2003-341406	0116
				2003
US 6803173	B2	20041012		0114

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-7635

2002 0116

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 139:125125

Ι

GI

AB The resist compns., which are sensitive to ArF or KrF far-UV laser and show good dimension uniformity of contact hole pattern in ≤0.2 µm fine patterning, contain (a) polymers having Si atom in the side chain, which are insol. or slightly-soluble in an aqueous alkaline solution and become alkali-soluble upon action of acids and (b)

photoacid generators phenacylsulfonium salts I [R1-R5 = H, NO2, (un)substituted alkyl, alkoxy, alkyloxycarbonyl, aryl, acylamino; at least 2 of R1-R5may be bonded together to form a ring; R6, R7 = H, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl; Y1, Y2 = alkyl which may have substituent, ether bond, sulfide bond, (un)substituted alkenyl; if both Y1 and Y2 = alkyl, then Y1 and/or Y2 = alkyl having OH, ether bond, sulfide bond, or total C number of both groups is ≥2; ≥1 of R1-R5 may be joined with Y1 and/or Y2 or R6 and/or R7 to form a ring; X = nonnucleophilic anion], wherein ≥2 I-derived units are self-bonded via a linking group at any position of R1-R7, Y1, and Y2.

IT 343605-02-7P

(far-UV-sensitive pos.-working resist **compns**. containing phenacylsulfonium salts as photoacid generators for good dimension uniformity of contact hole pattern)

RN 343605-02-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08F030-08; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 343605-02-7P

(far-UV-sensitive pos.-working resist **compns**. containing phenacylsulfonium salts as photoacid generators for good dimension uniformity of contact hole pattern)

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:200568 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:245600

TITLE:

Positive-working resist composition from polymer having silicon in the sidechain

INVENTOR(S):

Uenishi, Kazuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 47 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003076023	A2	20030314	JP 2001-267429	
				2001
•				0904
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-267429	
				2001
				0904

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT
- The pos.-working resist composition comprises (a) a polymer which has AB Si in the sidechain and is insol. or hardly soluble in an alkaline solution but becomes soluble in an aqueous alkaline solution upon the interaction with

acid and (b) a photoacid, wherein the component (a) is made up of a repeating unit such as I (R2 = H, Me; R3 = alkylene, phenylene) having the Si-containing sidechain represented by II (R1 = alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, etc.). The use of the component (a) provided excellent resist characteristics for far-UV exposure in semiconductor device fabrications.

IT501660-87-3P

an

(pos.-working resist composition from polymer having silicon in sidechain)

501660-87-3 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-cyclopentylpropyl ester, polymer CNwith 1,1-dimethylethyl 2-propenoate, 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CM

335385-69-8 CRN CMF C14 H34 O2 Śi4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} & \text{/} \\ | & \text{|} \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 1663-39-4 Ć7 Н12 О2 CMF

3

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

0 0

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08F230-08; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

IT 501660-73-7P 501660-87-3P

(pos.-working resist composition from polymer having silicon in sidechain)

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:76856 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:123350

TITLE:

Transparent fire-resistant branched

polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer

compositions and their manufacture

INVENTOR(S):

Mahood, James Alan; Rosenquist, Niles Richard;

Singh, Rajendra Kashinath

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

General Electric Company, USA PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent 1	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE		i	APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		DATE
		_				-									
WO	2003	- 0085	01		Δ1		2003	การก	,	₩∩ 2	002-1	เรราก	446		
	2005	0005	0		711		2003	0130		2	002	0020	110		2002
															0626
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
							CZ,								•
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
		KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,
		MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UΖ,	VN,
		-	-	-	-		AZ,	-		-		•	-		
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,
			-	-		-	ES,	•	•	•		-	-	-	-
					-		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,
					SN,	•									
US	2003	0279	05		A1		2003	0206	1	US 2	001-	9081	68		
															2001
***	ccc0	705													0718
	6660						2003:						~ -		
EP	1412	430			A1		2004	0428		EP 2	002-	/446	97		

```
2002
                                                                        0626
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004536193
                           T2
                                  20041202
                                               JP 2.003-514052
                                                                        2002
                                                                        0626
     CN 1555402
                           Α
                                  20041215
                                               CN 2002-818005
                                                                        2002
                                                                        0626
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               US 2001-908168
                                                                        2001
                                                                        0718
                                               WO 2002-US20446
                                                                        2002
                                                                        0626
     The composition comprises a polycarbonate, a short-chained
AB
     polydiorganosiloxane, a branching agent, and a bromine- or
     chlorine-free flame retardant, wherein the amount of short-chained
     polydiorganosiloxane is ≤1%. Thus, 50 parts polycarbonate
     obtained from bisphenol A 8969, D 10 Fluid [eugenol-capped
     polydimethylsiloxane (prepared from octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane,
     tetramethyldisiloxane and eugenol)] 88, 1,1,1-tris(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)ethane 30 and phosgene 4582 parts and 50 parts
     bisphenol A-1,1,1-tris(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethane-phosgene copolymer
     were mixed with potassium perfluorobutanesulfone 0.08 and
     pentaerythritol tetrastearate 0.35 parts, extruded, and molded to
     give a test piece showing UL-94 fire resistance rating V-0.
     491612-39-6DP, Octamethylcyclotetrasilane-1,1,3,3-
IT
     tetramethyldisiloxame copolymer, eugenol-terminated
        (transparent fixe-resistant branched polysiloxane-polycarbonate
        block copolymer compns.)
     491612-39-6 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Cyclotetrasilane, octamethyl-, polymer with tetramethyldisiloxane
     (9CI)
            (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          38041, 04-2
     CMF
          C8 H24 Si4
     Me
         Me
     Si
              Me
Me
    \mathtt{Si}
         Si-
              - Me
     Μé
         Me
     CM
```

CRN

CMF

CCI

30110-74-8

IDS

C4 H14 O Si2

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H3Si-O-SiH3
```

```
4 (D1-Me)
     ICM C08L083-00
TC
     ICS C08L069-00; C08K005-00; C08J003-22; C08K005-54
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     97-53-0DP, Eugenol, reaction products with polydimethylsiloxane
IT
     163617-00-3P 491612-39-6DP, Octamethylcyclotetrasilane-
     1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane copolymer, eugenol-terminated
        (transparent fire-resistant branched polysiloxane-polycarbonate
        block copolymer compns.)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L16 ANSWER 9 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:464506 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:54616
TITLE:
                         Positive-working photoresist composition for
                         semiconductor device fabrication
INVENTOR(S):
                         Sasaki, Tomoya; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi; Yasunami,
                         Shoichiro,
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 48 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                          _ _ _ _
     JP 2002174903
                          A2
                                20020621
                                            JP 2000-373077
                                                                    2000
                                                                    1207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO/.:
                                            JP 2000-373077
                                                                    2000
                                                                    1207
AB
     The title composition contains a resin increasing solubility in alkaline
     developer by an acid and a radiation- or actinic ray -sensitive
     acid generator, wherein the resin has repeating unit
     [-COO-C(R1/(R2)-\{C(R3)(R4)\}m1-Si(R5)(R6)(R7)] ( m1 = 1-6 integer;
     R1-2 = alkyl; R3-4 = H, alkyl; R5-7 = alkyl, aryl, allyl, etc.
     and [-CH_2/-C(Y) \{L2-COO-C(R1)(R2)-\{C(R3)(R4)\}m1-Si(R5)(R6)(R7)\}] (Y
     = H, Me,/cyano, Cl; m1 = 1-6 integer; R1-2 = alkyl; R3-4 = H,
     alkyl; R5-7 = alkyl, aryl, allyl, etc.). The composition provides the
     high resolution and the good pattern edge characteristics.
IT
     438206-85-0 438206-86-1 438206-87-2
     438206-90-7 438206-91-8
```

(resin in pos.-working photoresist composition for

semiconductor device fabrication)

438206-85-0 HCAPLUS

RN

```
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl ester, polymer with
     tetrahydro-4,4-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-propenoate (9CI)
                                                                          (CA
      INDEX NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
           438206-84-9
     CMF
           C17 H40 O2 Si4
H_2C = CH - C - O
                           SiMe3
                · Сн<sub>2</sub> — Сн<sub>2</sub>
                           Si-SiMe3
         Me-
             Мe
                           SiMe3
     CM
           2
     CRN
           84822 - 49-1
           C9 H1/2 O4
     CMF
                      Me
н₂с== сн-
                 Me
RN
     43,8206-86-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     2/Propenoic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl ester, polymer with
     \dot{p}_{2},5-furandione and tetrahydro-5,5-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl
     2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
           438206-84-9
     CMF
           C17 H40 O2 Si4
H_2C = CH - C - O
                           SiMe<sub>3</sub>
               -CH2-CH2-
                          -Si-SiMe3
```

CRN 276874-08-9 CMF C9 H12 O4

Me

SiMe3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 438206-87-2 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-2-oxo-2-[(tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl 2-propenoate and

2,5-furandione (9CI) (ÇÁ INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 438206-84-9 CMF C17 H40 O2 Si4/

2

CM

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 438206-90-7 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl ester, polymer with 1,1-dimethyl-2-oxo-2-[(tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl)oxy]ethyl 2-propenoate and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 383196-94-9 CMF C11 H14 O6

CM 2

CRN 250589-01-6 CMF C22/H46 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 438206-91-8 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and tetrahydro-4,4-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 CRN 249633-97-4 C21 H44 O2 Si4 CMF Me SiMe CH2 SiMe SiMe3 Me CM 2 84822-49-1 CRN C9 H13 04 CMF Me $H_2C = CH - C$ Me CM CŔN 108-31-6 **CMF** C4 H2 O3 IC ICM G03F007-039 ICS C08K005-00; C08K005-42; C08L101-02; G03F007-075; H01L021-027 CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76 IT 438206-85-0 438206-86-1 438206-87-2

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

438206-89-4 438206-90-7 438206-91-8

semiconductor device fabrication)

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:207591 HCAPLUS

(resin in pos.-working photoresist composition for

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:248426

TITLE:

Acrylic polymer-polysiloxane thermoplastic rubber compositions for various parts

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hashiba, Atsushi; Tatsuta, Atsuo Nippon A and L Co., Ltd, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002080684	A2	20020319	JP 2000-271780	
				2000
•				0907
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-271780	
				2000
				0907

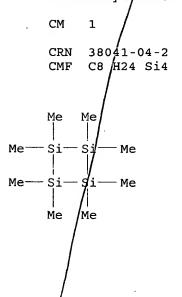
AB The title compns., with balanced impact and weather resistance, surface gloss, and coloring property, useful for automobile parts, building materials, etc., comprise (a) 1-100% graft copolymer derived by grafting 10-200% aromatic vinyl, cyanovinyl, and/or alkyl (meth)acrylate monomers (e.g., acrylonitrile and styrene) on composite rubber emulsion with average diameter 0.01-0.2 μm prepared from siloxane rubber (e.g., γ-methacryloyloxypropyltrimethox ysilane-octamethylcyclotetrasilane-tetraethoxysilane copolymer) 1-20, conjugated diene rubber (e.g., of butadiene) 1-20, and alkyl (meth)acrylate polymer rubber (e.g., acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-Bu acrylate copolymer) 60-98% and (b) 0-99% copolymer of aromatic vinyl, cyanovinyl, and/or alkyl (meth)acrylate monomers (e.g., acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer).

IT 403982-43-4DP, γ-Methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysila ne-octamethylcyclotetrasilane-tetraethoxysilane copolymer, polymer with butadiene and acrylic polymers, grafted by acrylonitrile and styrene

(rubber; acrylic polymer-polysiloxane thermoplastic rubber compns. for various parts)

RN 403982-43-4 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid. 2-

2-Propenoic /acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, polymer with octamethylcyclotetrasilane and silicic acid (H4SiO4) tetraethyl/ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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CM
      2
```

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CRN
     2530-85-0
CMF
     C10 H20 O5 Si
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```
Me^-C^-C^-O^-(CH_2)_3^-
                       OMe
      CM
           3
      CRN
           78-10-4
      CMF
           C8 H20 O4 Si
      OEt
Eto-Si-OEt
      OEt
IC
      ICM,
           C08L051-08
```

C08F291-16; C08J005-00; C08L025-02; C08L033-06; C08L033-18; E04C002-20

CC 37/-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 39

IT 1/06-99-0DP, Butadiene, polymer with polysiloxanes and acrylic dolymers, grafted by acrylonitrile and styrene 31075-29-3DP, Acrylonitrile-allyl methacrylate-butyl acrylate copolymer, polymer with polysiloxanes and butadiene, grafted by acrylonitrile and styrene 403982-43-4DP, γ -

Methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane-octamethylcyclotetrasilanetetraethoxysilane copolymer, polymer with butadiene and acrylic polymers, grafted by acrylonitrile and styrene

(rubber; acrylic polymer-polysiloxane thermoplastic rubber compns. for various parts)

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:155118 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:207691

TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist composition

containing specific acid-sensitive

polysiloxane copolymer for semiconductor

device fabrication

INVENTOR(S):

Mizutani, Kazuyoshi; Uno, Seiji Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 2002062654 A2 20020228 JP 2000-246734
2000
0816
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-246734
2000
0816

AB The title composition contains an acid-sensitive polysiloxane[(R1)(R2)(R3)Si-M1(CO2Q)-L1-(CH2)n-SiO3/2] (L1 = -A-OCO-, -A-COO-, -A-NHCO-, etc.; A = 2-valent connecting group; M1 = methylidene, 3-valent alicyclics, 3-valent aromatic rings; n = 1-6 integer; Q = group generating carboxylic acid by acid; R1-3 = alkyl, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl). The composition provides the improved pattern profile.

IT 401817-75-2P 401818-72-2P

(polysilane in pos.-working photoresist composition)

RN 401817-75-2 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 5-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)
2-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl] ester, polymer with cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 401817-74-1 CMF C28 H60 O7 Si5

RN 401818-72-2 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[[[3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-6-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]-, polymer with

cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane, tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 694-54-2 CMF C5 H10 O2

2 CM

CRN 401818-71-1

CMF (C27 H59 N O6 Si5 . C9 H20 O3 Si)x

CCI PMS

> CM 3

CRN 401818-70-0 CMF C27 H59 N O6 Si5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OEt \\ \parallel & C-NH-(CH_2)_3-Si-OEt \\ Me_3Si-Si & OEt \\ Me_3Si-Si & CO_2H \\ & SiMe_3 \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 17865-54-2 CMF C9 H20 O3 Si

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08G077-22; C08K005-00; C08L083-08; G03F007-004; G03F007-075;

H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76

```
IT
     110-87-2P, Dihydropyran
                              919-30-2DP, 3-
     Aminopropyltriethoxysilane, reaction product with
     4-tris(trimethylsilyl)silylnorbornanedicarboxylic acid anhydride
     401817-75-2P 401818-72-2P 401818-76-6P
     401818-77-7P
        (polysilane in pos.-working photoresist composition)
L16 ANSWER 12 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:26270 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:110118
TITLE:
                         Radiation-sensitive photoresist composition
                         for microlithography
INVENTOR(S):
                         Takahashi, Omote; Yasunami, Shoichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     JP 2002006496
                        A2
                                20020109
                                            JP 2000-191529
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0626
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP/2000-191529
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0626
     The title composition contains a resin, which increases the solubility rate
AB
     in an alkali solution by reacting with an acid, a photoacid
     generator, a solvent, and an orgánic basic compound such as amine,
     wherein the resin contains Si and wherein the basic compound
     contains basic repeating units. The composition, which contains the
                                                                       copporat.
     resin having Si and the basic compound, provides the good pattern
     profile and the high resolution pattern.
     381691-11-8P 388088-23-1P 388088-24-2P
IT
     388088-26-4P 388088-27-5P
        (resin in radiation-sensitive photoresist composition for
        microlithog.)
RN
     381691-11-8 HCAPLŲŚ
     2-Propenoic acid, /2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
CN
     bis(trimethylsilýl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     4-ethenylphenol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
         335385-69-8
     CMF C14/H34 O2 Si4
      SiMé<sub>3</sub>
```

 $-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH=CH_2$

SiMe₃

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

RN 388088-23-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 388088-24-2 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenol and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

$$CH = CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 388088-26-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2-(4-ethenylphenoxy)ethyl]-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 388088-25-3 CMF C19 H38 O Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 388088-27-5 HCAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4-ethenyl-, polymer with 2-[2-(4-ethenylphenoxy)ethyl]-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 388088-25-3 CMF C19 H38 O Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 1075-49-6

CMF C9 H8 O2

```
HO<sub>2</sub>C
             CH=CH2
     ICM G03F007-039
IC
     ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
IT
     314295-77-7P, Maleic anhydride-Allyltrimethylsilane-tert-Butyl
     acrylate-Methyl acrylate copolymer 381691-11-8P
     388088-22-0P 388088-23-1P 388088-24-2P
     388088-26-4P 388088-27-5P
                                 388088-28-6P
     388088-30-0P
        (resin in radiation-sensitive photoresist composition for
        microlithoq.)
L16 ANSWER 13 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2001:919120 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:61516
TITLE:
                         Light-sensitive positive-working resin
                         composition containing polymer having silane
                         Yasunami, Shoichiro; Kodama, Kunihiko
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         _ _ _ _
                                             ------
     JP 2001350262
                                20011221
                          A2
                                             JP 2000-164640
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0601
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2000-105102
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0406
     The title composition contains a water-insol. polymer becoming alkali
AB
     soluble by reacting with an acid, a photoacid generator generating
     carboxylic acids, and a solvent, wherein the polymer contains
     silane in the side chain. The composition provides the high resolution
     photoresist with far-UV exposure light.
IT
     343605-02-7P 343605-06-1P 381691-08-3P
     381691-11-8P
        (light-sensitive pos.-working resin composition containing
        silane)
     343605-02-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2,5-furandione and
CN
```

2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl

2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

RN 343605-06-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

 $Me-C-CO_2H$

CRN 343605-05-0 CMF C24 H48 O6 Si4

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 381691-08-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, cyclohexyl ester, polymer with 2-propenoic acid and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

 $HO-C-CH=CH_2$

RN 381691-11-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with

```
4-ethenylphenol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

$$CH = CH_2$$

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08F030-08/; C08K005-00; C08L043-04; C08L101-10; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 336609-31-5P, Trimethylallylsilane-Maleic anhydride-tert-Butyl acrylate copolymer 343605-01-6P 343605-02-7P 343605-03-8P 343605-04-9P 343605-06-1P 343605-08-3P 343605-09-4P 354585-44-7P 354585-47-0P 381691-07-2P 381691-08-3P 381691-09-4P 381691-10-7P 381691-11-8P

(light-sensitive pos.-working resin composition containing silane)

L16 ANSWER 14 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:903497 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:45680

TITLE: Light-sensitive material composition

containing polymer having silane in side chain

INVENTOR(S): Yasunami, Shoichiro; Kawabe, Yasumasa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 44 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2001343749	A2	20011214	JP 2000-164834	

2000 0601

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2000-164834

2000 0601

AB The title composition contains a polymer becoming alkali soluble by reacting with an acid, an acid-generator, and a compound having a -C(=O)-N(OH)- group. The light-sensitive material composition, which contains the polymer having Si in the side chain and the aforementioned N-containing compound, provides improved pattern line edge roughness.

IT 379699-77-1P

(polymer containing Si in side chain in light-sensitive material composition)

RN 379699-77-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 2-propenoic acid and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 90913-72-7 CMF C11 H32 O Si4

CM 2

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

CM 3

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$^{\mathrm{CH_2}}_{\parallel}$$
 Me- C- CO₂H

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

IT 379699-80-6P

(polymer containing Si in side chain in light-sensitive material
composition)

RN 379699-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ || & || \\ \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-039 ICS C08F220-00; C08F222-06; C08F222-40; C08F230-08; C08K005-00;

Sold of the second

```
C08K005-16; C08K005-32; C08L043-04; C08L101-02; G03F007-004;
            G03F007-075; H01L021-027
CC
      74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
      Other Reprographic Processes)
      Section cross-reference(s): 76
TT
      379699-77-1P
         (polymer containing Si in side chain in light-sensitive material
         composition)
IT
      336609-31-5P, Trimethylallylsilane-Maleic anhydride-tert-Butyl
      acrylate copolymer 340960-57-8P 340960-62-5P 343605-01-6P
      343605-03-8P
                      343605-04-9P 379699-80-6P 379699-95-3P
      379700-00-2P
         (polymer containing Si in side chain in light-sensitive material
         composition)
L16 ANSWER 15 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                             2001:760378 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                             135:310932
TITLE:
                             Positive-working photoresist compositions for
                             semiconductor device fabrication
INVENTOR(S):
                             Sato, Kenichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                             Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                             Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 44 pp.
                             CODEN: JKXXAF
                            Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                             Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
      PATENT NO. .
                             KIND
                                                   APPLICATION NO.
                                     DATE
                                                                              DATE
      JP 2001290273
                                     20011019
                                                   JP 2000/106810
                                                                               2000
                                                                               0407
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                   JP 2000-106810
                                                                               2000
                                                                               0407
      The compns., which show high sensitivity, high resolution, and good
AB
     PED (post exposure delay) stability and are especially useful in contact hole formation, contain (A) resins which have a repeating unit (I) [CH2CH[(CH2)nSiR1R2R3]] (R1-R3 = alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy; n = 0 1) and another repeating unit (II) having a group CO2CHR11OR12 (R11 = H, alkyl; R12 =
     hydrocarbyl) and show increased solubility in an alkaline developer by acid
     composition and (B) compds. which generate acids upon irradiation with actinic ray or radiation. The resids may have a repeating unit
     derived from maleic anhydride or ma/leimide.
IT
      366815-02-3P 366815-04-5P 366815-05-6P
      366815-07-8P 366815-09-0P 366815-1/0-3P
      366815-14-7P 366815-15-8P
         (pos. photoresist compns. with good post exposure
         delay stability containing resins having silyl group)
RN
      366815-02-3 HCAPLUS
CN
      2-Propenoic acid, (2-methoxyethoxy) methyl ester, polymer with
     2,5-furandione and 1,1,1,3,3,3,4hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-
      (trimethylsilyl)trisilane (9CI)
                                           (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CM

CRN 366814-97-3

RN366815-04-5 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, tetrahydro-5,5-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with (2-ethoxyethoxy) methyl 2-propenoate, 2,5-furandione CNand 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
Me
H2C= CH- C- O
      CM
             3
      CRN
             136649-77-9
      CMF
             C12 H32 Si4
         SiMe<sub>3</sub>
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH=-CH_2
         SiMe<sub>3</sub>
      CM
      CRN
             108-31-6
      CMF C4 H2 O3
RN
      366815-05-6 HCAPLUS
      2-Propenoic acid, 1-(2-methylpropoxy)ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-
CN
      (trimethylsilyl) trisilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
             1
      CRN
           136649-77-9
      CMF C12 H32 Si4
        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH=CH_2
        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
      CM
             2
      CRN
             90646-92-7
      CMF C9 H16 O3
```

SiMe3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 366815-10-3 HCAPLUS
CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, 2-[1-[(1-oxo-2-

propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

```
CRN
           366815-06-7
      CMF
           C14 H22 O5
                              C-
                                 - CH
                                        CH<sub>2</sub>
           O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH-Me
      CM
      CRN
           328249-37-2
      CMF
           C7 H8 O4
      о- с- сн= сн2
      CM
           3
           13664/9-77-9
     CRN
           C12 H32 Si4
     {\tt CMF}
       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
Me<sub>3</sub>Si-Si-CH<sub>2</sub>
                СН== СН2
       SiMe
     CM
     CRN
           108-31-6
           C4 H2 O3
     CMF
RN
     366815-14-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 1-(2-
     methylpropoxy)ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and
     1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane
      (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
CM
               1
        CRN
               366815-13-6
        CMF C14 H22 O3
                   OBu-i
               O- CH- Me
        CM
        CRN
               136649-77-9
        CMF C12 H32 Si4
          SiMe3
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH = CH_2
          SiMe<sub>3</sub>
       CM
               3
       CRN
               108-31-6
       CMF
               C4 H2 O3
RN
       366815-15-8 HCAPLUS
       Bicyclo[2/2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, (cyclohexyloxy)methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
       CM
               1
       CRN
               318240-06-1
       CMF
               C15 H22 O3
                  - CH2- O
```

CRN 136649-77-9 CMF C12 H32 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{SiMe_3} \\ | \\ \operatorname{Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH} \\ | \\ \operatorname{SiMe_3} \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

IC ICM G03F007-039

> ICS C08F220-26; C08F222-00; C08F230-08; C08F232-00; C08K005-00; C08L035-00; C08L043-04; C08L101-06; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 336609-27-9P, Allyltrimethylsilane-ethoxymethyl acrylate-maleic anhydride copolymer 366814-98-4P 366814-99-5P 366815-01-2P 366815-02-3P 366815-04-5P 366815-05-6P

366815-07-8P 366815-09-0P 366815-10-3P 366815-12-5P 366815-14-7P 366815-15-8P

(pos. photoresist compns. with good post exposure delay stability containing resins having silyl group)

L16 ANSWER 16 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:635655 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:203013

TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist compositions

containing specific mixed solvents

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001235870	A2	20010831	JP 2000-47972	2000
DDIODIMY ADDIN TWO				2000 0224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-47972	2000

0224

GI

AB The compns., which are storage stable and provide a resist pattern with decreased edge roughness in semiconductor device fabrication, contain (A) a compound which generates acid by irradiation with actinic ray or radiation, (B) a resin which is decomposed with acids to become alkali-soluble and contains ≥1 repeating unit selected from I [Rc1-Rc4 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted cyclic hydrocarbyl, halo, cyano, CO2H, COYARC9, COYACO2(CH2)2SiR'R''R''', CO2Rc11, CO2(CH2)2SiR'R''R'''; R',R'', R''' = alkyl, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy; Y = O, S, NH, NHSO2, NHSO2NH; Rc9 = CO2H, CO2Rc10 (Rc10 = any group given for Rc11, Q, Q1), cyano, OH, (un)substituted alkoxy, CONHRc11, CONHSO2Rc11, Q, Q1; Rc11 = (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted cycloalkyl; A = direct bond, (un) substituted alkylene, ether, thioether, CO, ester, amido, etc.; R29-R36 = H, (un) substituted alkyl; a, b = 1, 2; ≥1 of Rc1-Rc4 = ≥1 of Rc1-Rc4 = COYACO2 (CH2) 2SiR'R''R''' or CO2 (CH2) 2SiR'R''R'''] and II (Rc5-Rc8 = any group given for Rc1-Rc4), and (C) a mixed solvent containing ≥1 selected from (a) propylene glycol monoalkyl ether alkoxylates, ≥1 selected from (b) propylene glycol monoalkyl ethers, alkyl lactates, and alkoxyalkyl propionates, and \geq 1 selected from (c) γ -butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, and propylene carbonate. Alternately (C) is a mixed solvent containing ≥1 alkyl lactates, an ester solvent, and ≥1 alkoxyalkyl propionates. (C) may contain heptanone. IT 357193-74-9 357193-75-0 357193-80-7 357193-83-0 357193-85-2 (pos.-working photoresist compns. containing silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resin and specific mixed solvents to

decrease edge roughness)

RN 357193-74-9 HCAPLUS

CN

Bicyclo [2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 2-cyanoethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e thyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 357193-73-8 CMF C11 H15 N O2

CM 2

CRN 357193-72-7 CMF C19 H42 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ || \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ || \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

RN 357193-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, mono(2-hydroxyethyl) ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357193-72-7 CMF C19 H42 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ | & | \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ | & | \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 244258-08-0 CMF C11 H16 O5

RN 357193-80-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, decahydro-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357193-72-7 CMF C19 H42 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 133830-40-7 CMF C16 H22 O4

RN 357193-83-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, decahydro-, bis(2-hydroxyethyl) ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl decahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357193-82-9 CMF C24 H48 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe3} \\ \end{array}$$

CRN 357193-81-8 CMF C18 H26 O6

RN 357193-85-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2-carboxylic acid, decahydro-, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357193-84-1 CMF C12 H20 O4

$$C-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-OH$$

CM 2

CRN 357193-82-9 CMF C24 H48 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe3} \end{array}$$

```
ICM G03F007-039
IC
         C08G061-08; C08K005-00; C08K005-3492; C08K005-353;
     ICS
          C08K005-42; C08K005-49; C08K005-59; C08L065-00; G03F007-004;
          H01L021-027
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
IT
     96-48-0, γ-Butyrolactone 97-64-3, Ethyl lactate
     108-32-7, Propylene carbonate · 110-43-0, 2-Heptanone 123-86-4,
     Butyl acetate 1320-67-8, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether
     7570-02-7 14272-48-1 29299-43-2, Heptanone 52847-71-9 84540-57-8, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
     98516-33-7, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether propionate
     357193-74-9 357193-75-0 357193-78-3
     357193-80-7 357193-83-0 357193-85-2
        (pos.-working photoresist compns. containing /
        silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resin and specific mixed solvents to
        decrease edge roughness)
L16 ANSWER 17 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:635654 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         135:218725
                          Positive-working far-UV photoresist
TITLE:
                          composition containing sulfonium salts as
                          photoacid generators
                          Sato, Kenichiro, Mizutani, Kazuyoshi
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
                          Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
     JP 2001235869
                          A2
                                 20010831
                                             JP 2000-47971
                                                                     2000
                                                                     0224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2000-47971
                                                                     2000
                                                                     0224
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 135:218725/
GI
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CRN

337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

AB The compns., which are storage stable and show high sensitivity and resolution in formation of contact hole pattern in semiconductor device fabrication, contain (A) S+R1R2R3 Z- [R1-R3 = (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted aryl, 2 of R1-R3 may bonded together to via direct bond or substituent; Z- = counter anion] which generate acids by irradiation with/actinic ray or radiation and (B) a resin which is decomposed with actdds to become alkali-soluble and contains ≥1 repeating unit selected from I [Rc1-Rc4 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted cyclic hydrocarbyl, halo, cyano, CO2H, COYARc9, COYACO2(CH2)2siR'R''R''', CO2Rc11, CO2(CH2)2SiR'R''R'''; R', R'', R'' = alkyl, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy; Y = 0, S, NH, NHSO2, NHSO2NH; RC9 = CO2H, CO2RC10 (RC10 = any group given for RC11, Q, Q1), cyano, OH, (un) substituted alkoxy, CONHRc11, CONHSO2Rc11, Q, Q1; Rc11 = (un) substituted alkyl, (un) sybstituted cycloalkyl; A = direct bond, (un) substituted alkylene, ether, thioether, CO, ester, amido, etc.; R29-R36 = H, (un) substituted alkyl; a, b = 1, 2; \geq 1 od Rc1-Rc4 = \geq 1 of Rc1-Rc4 = COYACO2 (CH2) 2SiR'R''R''/ or CO2(CH2)2SiR'R''R'''] and II (Rc5-Rc8 = any group given for \(\hat{R} \text{c1-Rc4} \). IT 351195-81-8D, ring-opening polymerization 351195-82-9D, ring-opening polymerization 357444-12-3D, ring-opening polymerization 357444-15-6 357444-17-8D, ring-opening polymerization (pos.-working far-UV photoresist composition containing sulfonium salts as photoacid generators and silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resins) 351195-81-8 / HCAPLUS RN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-cyanoethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e CN thyl bigyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM

RN 357444-12-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,5,8,8a-octahydro-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \bullet & \text{SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe3} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe3} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 60095-28-5 CMF C16 H20 O4

RN 357444-15-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
1,2,3,4,4a,5,8,8a-octahydro-, bis(2-hydroxyethyl) ester, polymer
with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl
1,2,3,4,4a,5,8,8a-octahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethanonaphthalene-2carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357444-14-5 CMF C18 H24 O6

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \\ C - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH \\ C - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH \\ \\ O & \\ \end{array}$$

CRN 357444-13-4 CMF C24 H46 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

RN 357444-17-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4:5,8-Dimethanonaphthalene-2-carboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,5,8,8a-octahydro-, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357444-16-7 CMF C12 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 357444-13-4 CMF C24 H46 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08G061-08; C08K005-42; C08L065-00; G03F007-004; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

351195-81-8D, ring-opening polymerization 351195-82-9D,
ring-opening polymerization 351195-84-1D, ring-opening polymerization
357444-12-3D, ring-opening polymerization 357444-15-6
357444-17-8D, ring-opening polymerization

(pos.-working far-UV photoresist composition containing sulfonium salts as photoacid generators and silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resins)

L16 ANSWER 18 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:635653 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:218724 TITLE: Positive-working photoresist composition containing allylsilane-based resin INVENTOR(S): Sato, Kenichiro Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 63 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE . APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2001235865 **A2** 20010831 JP 2000-46129 2000 0223 TW 513621 20021211 TW 2001-90102179 2001 0202 US 2001041303 20011115 US 2001-789823 2001 0222 US 6528229 B2 2003/0304 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-46129 2000 0223 GI

The photoresist composition comprises (A) a resin having repeating unit CH2CH(CH2)nSiR1R2R3 (R1-R3 = alkyl, haloalkyl, halo, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl, or trialkylsilyloxy; n = 0 or 1) and I (M = bond for linking 2 C atoms and forming an alicyclic structure which may have a substituent; R11 and R12 = H, cyano, halo, or (substituted) alkyl) and (B) a compound for generating an acid by irradiation of actinic ray or radiation. The composition provides resist pattern having minimized line width variation by SEM observation in semiconductor device fabrication.

IT 357400-41-0 357400-42-1 357400-44-3 357400-47-6

R11 R12

(pos.-working photoresist composition containing allylsilane-based acid-decomposable resin) 357400-41-0 HCAPLUS RN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-CNmethyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and tetrahydro-2,2-dimethyl-5-oxo-3furanyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 357400-37-4 C14 H18 O4 CMF Me Me CM CRN 328087-85-0 C19 H26 D2 CMF Me CM3 CRN 136\$49-77-9 CMF C12 H32 Si4 SiMe₃ $Me_3Si-Si-QH_2-CH=-CH_2$ SiMe CM

CRN

CMF

108-31-6

C4 H2 O3

RN 357400-42-1 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and tetrahydro-2,2-dimethyl-5-oxo-3-furanyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357400-37-4 CMF C14 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 154970-45-3 CMF C12 H18 O2

CM 3

CRN 136649-77-9 CMF C12 H32 Si4

CM 4

SiMe₃

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 357400-44-3 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, methoxymethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357400-43-2 CMF C14 H18 O4

CM 2

CRN 216308-67-7 CMF C10 H14 O3

CM 3

CRN 136649-77-9 CMF C12 H32 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} \\ \mid \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 357400-47-6 HCAPLUS
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-(1,3-dioxobutoxy)ethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione,
1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-2-(2-propenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)trisilane and 1-methyl-1-(tetrahydro-5-oxo-3-furanyl)ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357400-46-5 CMF C14 H18 O5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O & O & O \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ C-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH_2-C-Me \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 357400-45-4 CMF C15 H20 O4

CM 3

CRN 136649-77-9 CMF C12 H32 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SiMe3} \\ \mid \\ \text{Me3Si-Si-CH2-CH} \end{array} \\ \vdash \\ \text{SiMe3} \\ \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 108-31-6

CMF C4 H2 O3

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08F222-00; C08F222-06; C08F230-08; C08F232-08; C08K005-00; C08L035-00; C08L035-02; C08L043-04; C08L045-00; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 357400-36-3 357400-38-5 357400-39-6 357400-40-9 357400-41-0 357400-42-1 357400-44-3 357400-47-6

> (pos.-working photoresist composition containing allylsilane-based acid-decomposable resin)

L16 ANSWER 19 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 2001:632163 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

135:203008

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Positive-working far-UV photoresist

compositions containing sulfonium or iodonium

fluoroalkanesulfonates

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho,/36 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

		/		
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE /	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		/		
JP 2001235868	A2	200108/31	JP 2000-47970	
		/		2000
				0224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-47970	
				2000
				0224
OTHER COURSE (C)		J		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPA	135:203008		
GI	/			

AΒ The compns., which show a little line width variation of isolated line when amount of exposure is changed in manufacture of semiconductor devices, contain (A) ≥1 compound which generates sulfonic acids upon irradiation with actinic ray or radiation selected from S+(C6R1R2R3R4R5)(C6R6R7R8R9R10)(C6R11R12R13R14R15)X-[R1-R15 = H,alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, OH, halo, SR38 (R38 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl); ≥ 2 of R1-R15 may be bonded to form a ring; X- = RfSO3- (Rf = C ≥ 2 fluoroalkyl, fluorocycloalkyl)], I (R16-R27 = any group given for R1-R15; Xhas the same definition as above), and I+(C6R28R29R30R31R32)(R6R33R34R35R36R37) X-(R28-R37 = any group)given for R1-R15; X- has the same definition as above) and (B) a resin which is decomposed with acids to become alkali-soluble and contains ≥1 selected from 2 repeating units (Markush structures given) having ≥1 silylethoxycarbonyl group.

Ι

IT 357193-74-9 357193-75-0

> (pos.-working far-UV photoresist compns. containing sulfonium or iodonium fluoroalkanesulfonates as photoacid generators and silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resins)

RN 357193-74-9 HCAPLUS

> Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 2-cyanoethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e thyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CN

CRN 357193-73-8 CMF C11 H15 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c}
0\\
\\
C-O-CH_2-CH_2-CN
\end{array}$$

CM

357193-72-7 C19 H42 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & SiMe_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ C-O-CH_2-CH_2-Si-SiMe_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ SiMe_3 \end{array}$$

RN 357193-75-0 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, mono(2-hydroxyethyl) ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 357193-72-7 CMF C19 H42 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 244258-08-0 CMF C11 H16 O5

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08G061-08; C08K005-42; C08L065-00; G03F007-004; H01L021-027 CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and

C 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT **357193-74-9 357193-75-0** 357193-78-3

(pos.-working far-UV photoresist compns. containing sulfonium or iodonium fluoroalkanesulfonates as photoacid generators and silylethoxycarbonyl-containing resins)

L16 ANSWER 20 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:579375 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:172986

TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S):

containing acid-sensitive polysiloxane Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 34 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001215707	A2	20010810	JP 2000-28236	
•				2000
				0204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-28236	
·				2000
				0204

AB The title composition contains a radiation or actinic ray-sensitive acid generator, a polysiloxane, and a mixed solvent of propylene glycol monoalkyl ether alkoxylate and the other solvent chosen from alkyl lactate, alkoxyalkyl lactate, γ-butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, and propylenecarbonate. The polysiloxane resin has repeating unit [-Si{-L1/M1-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''') 03/2-] (L1 = alkylene, arylene containing carboxylate, amide, or S; M1 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, etc.; R'-''' = alkyl, halo, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl, etc.). The composition, which contains the acid-sensitive resin, provides the improved edge roughness.

353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P 353513-89-0P 353513-91-4P 353513-93-6P IT

(pos.-working photoresist composition)

RN353264-80-9 HCAPLUS

1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, (trimethoxysilyl)methyl CN 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1/bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with cyclohexy/itrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM CRN 353264-79-6 CMF C23 H52 O7 S:

CM 2

CRN 17865-54-2 CMF C9 H20 O3 Si

```
Si-OMe
        OMe
     353264-82-1 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Bicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2, 3-dicarboxylic acid,
     (trimethoxysilyl) methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9¢I) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          353264-81-0
     CMF
          C24 H52 O7 Si5
                       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
        C-O-CH2-CH2-Si-
                  OMe
                       SiMe3
          о-сн2-
                 -Şi−OM¢
       0
                  OMe
     CM
          2
     CRN
          17865-54
          C9 H20 Ø3 Si
     CMF
        OMe
          - OMe
       Si-
        OMe
RN
     353264-83-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
     (trimethoxysily1) methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yltrimethoxysilane and silicic acid (H4SiO4)
           (CA INDEX NAME)
     (9CI)
```

OMe

CM

CRN

CMF

1

353264-81-0

C24 H52 O7 Si5

```
CM 2
```

CRN 143487-47-2 CMF C8 H18 O3 Si

CM 3

OMe

CRN 10193-36-9 CMF H4 O4 Si

```
OH
HO-Si-OH
    OH
RN
      353513-93-6 HCAPLUS
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
CN
      3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
      (2-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylethy/1)trimethoxysilane (9CI)
                                                                    (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
      CRN
           353513-92-5
      CMF
           C26 H54 O7 Si5
                            SiMe<sub>3</sub>
                 - CH<sub>2</sub>-- CH<sub>2</sub>-
                                SiMe<sub>3</sub>
                            SiMe3
                       OMe
                      Si-
     CM
           2
     CRN
           339997-88-5
     CMF
           C12 H24 O3 Si
        CH2-CH2
IC
     ICM G03F007-039
     ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
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CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic an Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P
353264-86-5P 353264-88-7P 353513-89-0P
353513-91-4P 353513-93-6P
(pos.-working photoresist composition)

L16 ANSWER 21 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:579374 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:160148

TITLE:

Positive-working chemically amplified

photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3/5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001215706	A2	2001081ø	JP 2000-28104	
		/		2000
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		• /	JP 2000-28104	0204
				2000
		/		0204

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 135:160148

The title composition contains a photoacid generator and an acid-sensitive polysiloxane, wherein the photoacid generator is triarylsulfonium, sulfide of triarylsulfoniums, or bis arylidonium and wherein the polysiloxane has repeating unit [-Si $\{-L1-M1-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''')\}O3/2-$] (L1 = alkylene, arylene containing carboxylate, amide, or S; M1 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, etc/.; R'-''' = alkyl, halo, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl, etc.) / The composition, which contains the photoacid generator and the pofysiloxane, provides the small variation of line width of a dense line pattern when the exposure light quantity varies.

IT 353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P

353264-84-3P

(acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working chemical amplified photoresist composition)

RN 353264-80-9 HCAPLUS CN

1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, (trimethoxysilyl)methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 353264-79-6 CMF C23 H52 O7 Si5

```
CM 2
```

CRN 17865-54-2 CMF C9 H20 O3 Si

```
OMe
         Si-OMe
         OMe
RN
      353264-82-1 HCAPLUS
      Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, (trimethoxysily1)methy1 2-[2,2,2-trimethy1-1,1-
CN
      bis(trimethylsilyl)dis/ilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
      cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
      CRN 353264-81-0
      CMF C24 H52 O7 Si5
                           S/iMe3
                            $i-SiMe3
           - о- сн<sub>2</sub>- сн<sub>2</sub>-
                      OMe
                            SiMe3
                    -Si-
                      OMe
      CM
          . 2
      CRN
            17865-54-2
      CMF
            C9 H20 O3 Si
         OMe
         Si-OMe
         OMe
```

RN 353264-83-2 HCAPLUS
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
 (trimethoxysilyl)methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1 bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
 bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yltrimethoxysilane and silicic acid (H4SiO4)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 353264-81-0 CMF C24 H52 O7 Si5

CRN 143487-47-2 CMF C8 H18 O3 Si

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ICM G03F007-039
IC
```

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 339997-89-6P 353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P 353264-84-3P 353264-85-4P

353264-86-5P 353264-88-7P

> (acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working chemical amplified photoresist composition)

L16 ANSWER 22 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS/on STN 2001:579373 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

135:172985

Positive-working photoresist composition for

manufacturing electric circuits such as

contact hole pattern formation

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

> PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 20010810 JP 2001215705 A2 JP 2000-28103 2000 0204

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2000-28103

2000 0204

ÚSHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

```
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                           MARPAT 135:172985
     The title composition contains a photoacid generator (Rs1)(Rs2)(Rs3)S+
     Z- (Rs1-3 = alkyl, aryl; Z- = counter anion) and an acid-sensitive
     polysiloxane, wherein the polysiloxane has repeating unit
     [-Si\{-L1-M1-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''')\}O3/2-] (L1 = alkylene, arylene containing carboxylate, amide, or S; M1 = single bond,
     alkylene, arylene, etc.; R'-''' = alkyl, halo, alkoxy,
     trialkylsilyl, etc.). The composition, which contains the
     aforementioned photoacid generator and the aforementioned
     acid-sensitive resin, generates little particles in the resist
     forming solution
IT
     353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P
     353264-84-3P
         (pos.-working photoresist composition)
RN
     353264-80-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, (trimethoxysily1)methyl
     2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester,
     polymer with cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          353264-79-6
          C23 H52 O7 Si5
                        SiMe
          о- сн<sub>2</sub>- сн<sub>2</sub>-
                            SiMe<sub>3</sub>
                        Si
                   OMe
                        SiMe3
                  -si—
                   OMe
     CM
     CRN
           17865-54-2
     CMF
          C9 H20 O3
        OMe
        Si-
          -OMe
        OMe
RN
     353264-82-1/ HCAPLUS
CN
     Bicyclo[2.2/.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
     (trimethoxysilyl)methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     cyclohexyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
```

CRN 353264-81-0

CMF C24 H52 O7 Si5

CM 2

CRN 17865-54-2 CMF C9 H20 O3 Si

RN 353264-83-2 HCAPLUS
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
 (trimethoxysily1)methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1 bis(trimethylsily1)disilany1]ethyl ester, polymer with
 bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yltrimethoxysilane and silicic acid (H4SiO4)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 353264-81-0 CMF C24 H52 O7 Si5

CRN 108196-09-4 CMF C10 H20 O3 Si

CRN 10193-36-9 CMF H4 O4 Si

RN 353264-84-3 HCAPLUS
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,
 (trimethoxysilyl)methyl 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1 bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
 cyclopentyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IC ICM G03F007-039

OMe

ICS C08L083-04; G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 76 IT 339997-89-6P 353264-80-9P 353264-82-1P 353264-83-2P 353264-84-3P 353264-85-4P 353264-86-5P 353264-88-7P (pos.-working photoresist composition) L16 ANSWER 23 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:541843 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:129573 TITLE: Deep UV positive photoresist compositions containing norbornene- or dicyclopentadienebased polymers Mizutani, Kazuyoshi INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 2001201855 A2 · 20010727 JP 2000-8239 2000 0117 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-8239 2000 0117 GΙ R_{c1} R_{C4} Rc8 Rc6 R_{C3} Rc2 Ι Rc7 II R34 R33 R30 R29 R35

AB The photoresist compns. contain (A) active light- or

R36

III

IV

radiation-sensitive acid generators and (B) resins whose solubilities into alkaline solns. are increased by acidolysis and which involve repeating units norbornene derivs. I and/or dicyclopentadiene derivs. II [Rc1-Rc8 = H, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) cyclohydrocarbyl, halo, cyano, CO2H, C(O)YARc9, C(0) YACO2 (CH2) 2SiR1R2R3, CO2Rc11, CO2 (CH2) 2SiR1R2R3; ≥ 1 of $Rc1-Rc4 = C(0) YACO2 (CH2) 2SiR1R2R3 \text{ or } CO2 (CH2) 2SiR1R2R3; \ge 1$ of Rc5-Rc8 = C(0) YACO2(CH2)2SiR1R2R3 or CO2(CH2)2SiR1R2R3; R1-R3 = alkyl, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy; Y = O, S, NH, NHSO2, NHSO2NH; Rc9 = CO2H, CO2Rc10 (Rc10 = same as Rc11 or lactones III or IV), CN, OH, (substituted) alkoxyl, CONHRc11, CONHSO2Rc11, or lactones III or IV; Rc11 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) cycloalkyl; A = single bond; alkylene, substituted alkylene, O, S, CO, CO2, amide, sulfonamide, urethane, urea; R29-R36 = H, alkyl; a, b = 1, 2]. The compns. may further contain (C) organic bases, (D) silicone-based, F-containing, or nonionic surfactants and (E) organic solvents. In the bilayer resist process, pattern shift on pattern transfer to underlayers while O plasma etching is minimized. Its pattern formation on i-ray resist coated on a Si wafer by exposing to ArF excimer laser was exemplified.

IT 351195-81-8D, hydrogenated 351195-82-9D, hydrogenated

(deep UV pos. photoresist compns. containing norborneneor dicyclopentadiene-based polymers)

RN 351195-81-8 HCAPLUS

Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-cyanoethyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e thyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

RN 351195-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid,

mono(2-hydroxyethyl) ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-095; G03F007-26; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 351195-81-8D, hydrogenated 351195-82-9D, hydrogenated 351195-84-1D, hydrogenated

(deep UV pos. photoresist compns. containing norborneneor dicyclopentadiene-based polymers)

L16 ANSWER 24 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:524132 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:242803

TITLE: Effect of the backbone composition of some

polycarbosilanes on their structure and

thermal properties

AUTHOR(S): Polikarpov, V. M.; Ushakov, N. V.; Antipov, E.

Μ.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tambov. Gos. Univ. im. R. G. Derzhavina,

Tambov, 392622, Russia

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i

Seriya B (2000), 42(12), 2111-2122 CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB A series of newly synthesized poly(organocarbosilanes) with

variable content of silicon and carbon atoms in the backbone were studied by X-ray diffraction, differential scanning calorimetry, and thermomech. techniques. All the studied polymers represent partially crystalline high-mol.-weight compds. capable of forming simple liquid crystalline structures. The samples of uniaxially oriented poly(dimethylsiltrimethylene) with an ultrahigh-mol. weight (M = 7.6 x 106) exhibit the phenomenon of one-dimensional diffraction, which is evidence of a considerable fraction of unfolded polymer chains penetrating through the amorphous crystalline matrix in the direction of sample orientation.

IT 74485-88-4 132613-76-4

> (effect of the backbone composition of some polycarbosilanes on their structure and thermal properties)

RN 74485-88-4 HCAPLUS

Poly[(1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-1,2-disilanediyl)-1,2-ethanediyl] (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 132613-76-4 HCAPLUS

Poly[(1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-1,2-disilanediyl)methylene] (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

IT 25722-25-2, Poly[(dimethylsilylene)(methylene)] 25722-29-6, Poly[(dimethylsilylene)-1,3-propanediyl] 74485-88-4 132613-76-4

> (effect of the backbone composition of some polycarbosilanes on their structure and thermal properties)

L16 ANSWER 25 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:523649 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:114440

TITLE:

Positive-working chemically amplified

photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichi'ro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai/Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

Japanesé

PATENT INFORMATION:

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001194788	A2	20010719	JP 2000-1895	
•			•	2000
			•	0107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-1895	
				2000
				0107

AB The title composition contains the specific arylsulfonium, sulfide of a arylsulfonium, or aryliodonium photoacid generator and an acid-sensitive resin, which increases the solubility towards an alkali reacting with an acid, containing a repeating group chosen from [-CH2-C(Y){-L-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''')}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, Cl; L = single bond, 2-valent connecting group; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, etc.), [-CH2-C(Y)(CO2M1-Q)-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; M1 = single bond, alkylene, alkylene, etc.; Q = group having specific alicyclic structure), and [-CH2-C(Y){CO2-M2-W}] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; M2 = single bond, alkylene, alkylene, etc.; W = lactone ring). The composition, which contains the photoacid generator and the acid-sensitive resin, provides the improved margin of the exposure.

IT 344575-87-7P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P 344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P 344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P

(acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working chemical amplified photoresist composition)

RN 344575-87-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \mid \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 177080-66-9 CMF C10 H14 O4

RN 344575-89-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 177080-66-9 CMF C10 H14 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 344575-91-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 3-oxo-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)dioxy]-1-

propanol and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e
thyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA:INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344575-90-2 CMF C6 H8 O5

RN 344575-92-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e thyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

RN 344575-95-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 3-methoxy-1-oxopropyl 1-oxo-2-propenyl peroxide and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344575-94-6 CMF C7 H10 O5

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

RN 344613-98-5 HCAPLUS

CN2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8

3

CM

RN 344614-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

RN 344614-15-9 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilaryllethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX

bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

CM 3

CRN · 177080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

RN 344614-19-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-4,4-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 177080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

CM

CRN 156938-13-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ H_2C & O & & \\ \parallel & \parallel & & \\ Me-C-C-C-O & Me & & \\ \end{array}$$

ICM G03F007-039

· ICS C08F220-10; C08F220-42; C08F230-08; C08K005-42; C08L033-04; C08L043-04; G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76

IT 344575-87-7P 344575-88-8P 344575-89-9P

344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P 344575-93-5P

344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P

344614-06-8P 344614-11-5P 344614-15-9P

344614-19-3P 344614-24-0P

(acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working chemical amplified photoresist composition)

L16 ANSWER 26 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:521143 HCAPLUS

135:114437

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist /composition for

production of electric parts/such as

semiconductor substrate with contact holes

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., /Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 43/pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2001194789 A2 20010719 JP 2000-1896 2000 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2000-1896

2000 0107

0107

The title composition contains: photoacid generator (Rs1) (Rs2) (Rs3)S+Z- (Rs1-s3 = alkyl, aryl; Z- = counter anion); an acid-sensitive resin which increases solubility towards an alkali by reacting with an acid; and a solvent, wherein the acid-sensitive resin has repeating unit [-CH2-C(Y) {-L-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''')}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; L = single bond, 2-valent connecting group; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy) and one of repeating unit chosen from [-CH2-C(Y) {CO2-M1-Q}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; M1 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, ester, etc.; Q = alkyl, allyl, alkyl alkylcarbonyl, ester) and [-CH2-C(Y) {CO2-M2-W}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; M2 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, ester, etc.; W = lactone ring). The composition, which contains the acid-sensitive resin, provides the resist of the high sensitivity and the high resolution and is suitable for use in fabrication of contact holes.

IT 344575-87-7P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P 344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P 344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P

(acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working photoresist compn

RN 344575-87-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN 344575-89-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 177080-66-9 CMF C10 H14 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & \text{Me} & \\ \parallel & \\ \text{Me}-C-C-O & \\ \parallel & \\ O & \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 344575-91-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 3-oxo-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)dioxy]-1-propanol and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344575-90-2 CMF C6 H8 O5

RN 344575-92-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e thyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

344575-95-7 HCAPLUS RN

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 3-methoxy-1-oxopropyl 1-oxo-2-propenyl peroxide and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 344575-94-6 CMF C7 H10 O5

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2/Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} & \text{O} \\ | & \text{|} \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

344613-98-5 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl CNester, polymer with tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

RN 344614-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CRN

CMF

195000-66-9

C8 H10 O4

```
CRN 156938-13-5

CMF C10 H14 O4

H2C O Me

Me-C-C-O Me

IC ICM G03F007-039
```

ICS C08K005-36; C08L033-00; G03F007-004; G03F007-027; G03F007-029; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 335385-69-8P¹ 344575-87-7P 344575-88-8P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P 344575-93-5P 344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P 344614-06-8P 344614-11-5P 344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P 344614-24-0P

(acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working photoresist compn

L16 ANSWER 27 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:521142 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:114436

TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist composition for

semiconductor device fabrication

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 52 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001194787	A2	20010719	JP 2000-1894	
				2000
				0107
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-1894	
				2000
				0107

AB The title composition contains: a photoacid generator; an acid-sensitive resin which increases solubility towards an alkali by reacting with an acid; and a mixed solvent. The acid-sensitive resin has repeating unit [-CH2-C(Y){-L-CO2-(CH2)2-Si(R')(R'')(R''')}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; L = single bond, 2-valent connecting group; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy) and one of repeating unit chosen from [-CH2-C(Y){CO2-M1-Q}-] (Y = H, Me, cyano, etc.; M1 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, ester, etc.; Q = alkyl, allyl, alkyl alkylcarbonyl, ester) and [-CH2-C(Y){CO2-M2-W}-] (Y = H, Me,

```
cyano, etc.; M2 = single bond, alkylene, arylene, ester, etc.; W =
     lactone ring). The mixed solvent consist of propylene glycol
     monoalkyl ether alkoxylate and a compound chosen from propylene
     glycol monoalkyl ether, alkyl lactate, alkoxyalkylpropionate,
     \gamma-butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, propylene carbonate.
     The composition, which contains the aforementioned acid-sensitive
     resin, provides the improved storageability.
IT
     344575-87-7P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P
     344575-92-4P 344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P
     344614-02-4P 344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P
        (acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working photoresist compn
RN
     344575-87-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-
     yl ester, polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI)
                                                              (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          335385-69-8
     CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4
       SiMe3
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C
       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
     CM
          177080-66-9
     CRN
     CMF
          C10 H14 O4
     Me
      0
     344575-89 9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-
     yl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
```

NAME)
CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 344575-91-3/ HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoid acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 3-oxo-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)dioxy]-1-propanol and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344575-90-2 CMF C6 H8 O5

$$^{\rm O}_{\rm H_2C}$$
 — $^{\rm CH-}_{\rm C-O-O-C-C-CH_2-CH_2-OH}$

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

RN 344575-95-7 HCAPLUS .

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 3-methoxy-1-oxopropyl 1-oxo-2-propenyl peroxide and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
CM
            1
      CRN
            344575-94-6
      CMF
           C7 H10 O5
H_2C = CH - C - O - O - C - CH_2 - CH_2 - OMe
      CM
            2
      CRN
            335385-69-8
            C14 H34 O2 Si4
      CMF
        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
                                    = CH<sub>2</sub>
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C
                              - Сн
        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
      CM
            3
            195000-66-9
      CRN
      CMF
            C8 H10 O4
            CH_2
      O- C- C- Me
RN
      344613-98-5 HCAPLUS
CN
      2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl
      ester, polymer with tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
      bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX
      NAME)
      CM
            1
      CRN
            335385-69-8
      CMF
            C14 H34 Q2 Si4
        SiMe3
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH=CH_2
        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
```

CRN 177080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

CM 3

CRN 177080-66-9 : CMF C10 H14 O4

RN 344614-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34/O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & & \text{O} \\ & & & | \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ & & | \\ & & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 177080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

IC ICM G03F007-039

```
ICS C08F220-00; C08F230-08; C08K005-00; C08K005-06; C08K005-07;
           C08K005-101; C08K005-109; C08K005-151; C08L043-04;
           G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
     335385-69-8P 344575-87-7P
TΤ
                                    344575-88-8P
     344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P
     344575-93-5P 344575-95-7P 344613-98-5P
     344614-02-4P 344614-06-8P 344614-11-5P
     344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P 344614-24-0P
         (acid-sensitive resin in pos.-working photoresist compn
L16 ANSWER 28 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           2001:451207 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           135:53508
TITLE:
                           Positive-working photoresist composition
INVENTOR(S):
                           Mizutani, Kazuyoshi; Sato, Kenichiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                           Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                           Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
                           CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
LANGUAGE:
                           Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                           KIND
                                   DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                          DATE
                           - - - -
     JP 2001166486
                           A2
                                   20010622
                                                JP 1999-350505
                                                                          1209
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                JP 1999-350505
                                                                          1999
                                                                          1209
AB
     The pos.-working photoresist composition comprises an acid-decomposable
     polymer, which, increasing the solubility in an alkaline developer upon the
     interaction with an acid, contains repeating units represented by [H2CCY{LCOO(CH2)2SiR1R2R3}] (Y = H, Me, cyano, Cl; L = single
     bond, divalent bonding group; R1-3 = alky, Ph, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy) and [H2CCY(CO2M1Q)] (Y = H, Me, cyano, Cl; M1 =
     single bond, alkylene, arylene, etc.; Q = substituent containing alicyclic hydrocarbon structure). The pos.-working photoresist
     composition provided high sensitivity and high resolution, and showed
     excellent wettability to a déveloper.
     344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P 344614-15-9P
IT
     344614-19-3P
         (pos.-working photores ist composition containing polymer with
         lactone structure)
RN
     344613-98-5 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-me/thyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl
CN
     ester, polymer with tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl
     2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
```

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

RN 344614-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ & & | \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ & | \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

```
CRN
          177080-67-0
     CMF
          C15 H22 O2
 H<sub>2</sub>C
      0
           Me
Me- C- C-
     CM
     CRN
          868-77-9
     CMF
          C6 H10 O3
 H<sub>2</sub>C
Me^-C^-C^-O^-CH_2^-CH_2^-OH
RN
     344614-15-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl
     ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl
     2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
          335385-69-8
     CMF
          C14 H34 O2 Si4
       SiMea
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH=-CH_2
       SiMé3
     CM
         195000-66-9
     CRN
     CMF
         C8 H10 O4
```

2

CRN 177080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

RN 344614-19-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methyltricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-4,4-dimethyl-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 / CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ | & \text{He}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 / \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 177/080-67-0 CMF C15 H22 O2

CM 3

CRN 156938-13-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

$$H_2$$
C O Me

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

IT 344613-98-5P 344614-02-4P 344614-06-8P 344614-11-5P 344614-15-9P 344614-19-3P 344614-24-0P

(pos.-working photoresist **composition** containing polymer with lactone structure)

L16 ANSWER 29 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:451204 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:53506

TITLE:

· Positive-working photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S):

Mizutani, Kazuyoshi; Sato, Kenichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
.JP 2001166482	A2	20010622	JP 1999-350506	
				1999
				1209
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-350506	
				1999
				1209

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
Y \\
\hline
CH_2 - C \\
\hline
CO_2 - M - C
\end{array}$$
Ra
$$Z I$$

AB The pos.-working photoresist composition comprises an acid-decomposable

IT 344575-87-7P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P

344575-92-4P 344575-95-7P

(pos.-working photoresist **composition** containing polymer with lactone structure)

RN 344575-87-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2-[2,272-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl)ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 177080-66-9 CMF C10 H14 O4

RN 344575-89-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CMF C10 H14 O4

CM '3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 344575-91-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-pyran-4-yl ester, polymer with 3-oxo-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)dioxy]-1-propanol and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 344575-90-2 CMF C6 H8 O5

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CRN 177080-66-9 CMF C10 H14 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & \text{Me} \\ \parallel & & \\ \text{Me}-C-C-O \\ \parallel & & \\ O \end{array}$$

RN 344575-92-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester,
 polymer with 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]e
 thyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

RN 344575-95-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl ester, polymer with 3-methoxy-1-oxopropyl 1-oxo-2-propenyl peroxide and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 344575-94-6 CMF C7 H10 O5

CM 2

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3\text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9 CMF C8 H10 O4

IC ICM G03F007-039

> ICS C08F220-12; C08F220-26; C08K005-00; C08L033-14; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

IT 344575-87-7P 344575-88-8P 344575-89-9P 344575-91-3P 344575-92-4P 344575-93-5P 344575-95-7P

> (pos.-working photoresist composition containing polymer with lactone structure)

L16 ANSWER 30 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:414682 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:26888

TITLE:

Alkali-developable positive-working

photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 71 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

4

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	_	DATE
	JP 2001154361	A2	20010608	JP 1999-338487		1999
	TW 564331	В	20031201	TW 2000-89122531		2000
	US 6506535	B1	20030114	US 2000-698221		1026 2000 1030
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-307317	A	1999 1028
				JP 1999-331785	A	1999 1122
			,	JP 1999-338487	A	1999 1129
	· · · · · ·			JP 1999-343714	A	1999 1202

GI

AB The title composition contains: (A) an actinic ray- or radiation-sensitive acid generator; (B) an acid-sensitive resin becoming alkali soluble; (C) mixed solvents; (D) a basic organic compound; and (E) fluoro- and/or silicone surfactant and a nonionic surfactant. The polymer has repeating units: I (M1 = aliphatic ring residue; n = 1, 2; L = single bond, (n+1) valent connecting group; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, etc.), and II (Z = O, N-alkyl) or [-CH(COX1-A1R1)-CH(COX2-A2-R2)-] (X1-2 = 0, S, -NH-, etc.; A1-2 = single bond, 2-valent connecting group; R1-2 = H, CN, OH, etc.). The mixed solvent consists of propylene glycol monoalkyl ether alkoxylate and one of chosen from group (E) or group (F) where group (E) is propylene glycol monoalkyl ether, alkyl lactate, and alkoxyalkyl propionate and group (F) is γ-butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, and propylene carbonate. The composition, which contains the copolymer and the mixed

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solvent, provides the improved pattern edge roughness.
IT
     337954-60-6P 337954-62-8P 337954-64-0P
     337954-66-2P 337954-68-4P 337954-71-9P
        (polymer in alkali-developable pos.-working photoresist
        composition)
RN
     337954-60-6 HCAPLUS
     Bicyclo[2.2.1] hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
CN
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     2,5-furandione and methyl 2-propenoáte (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          337954-57-1
     CMF
          C19 H40 O2 Si4
                      SiMe<sub>3</sub>
          O-CH_2-CH_2-Si-SiMe_3
                      SiMe3
     CM
     CRN
          108-31-6
     CMF
          C4 H2 O3
     CM
          3
          96-33-3
     CRN
     CMF
          C4 H6 O2
    0
MeO-C-CH-CH2
RN
     337954-62-8 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Butenedioic acid, mono(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, polymer with
     methyl 2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-
     carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          337954-57-1
     CMF
          C19 H40 O2 Si4
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CRN 120515-28-8 CMF C8 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{MeO-C-CH-CH-} \end{array}$$

RN 337954-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid, monobutyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 61537-83-5 CMF C8 H12 O4

```
n-BuO-C-CH=CH-CO2H
     CM
           3
     CRN
           108-31-6
     CMF
           C4 H2 O3
     337954-66-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsily1)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with
     bicyclo[2.2.1] hept-2-ene and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
           337954-57-1
     CMF
           C19 H40 O2 Si4
                        SiMe<sub>3</sub>
           о- cн<sub>2</sub>- сн<sub>2</sub>-
                        Si-SiMe3
                         SiMe<sub>3</sub>
     CM
           2
     CRN
           498-66-8
     CMF
           C7 H10
     CM
           3
     CRN
           108-31-6
```

CMF

C4 H2 O3

CN

RN 337954-68-4 HCAPLUS

Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, monomethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 36897-94-6 CMF C10 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 337954-71-9 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 337954-70-8 CMF C14 H20 O4

CM 2

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08F222-10; C08F222-38; C08F222-40; C08F232-00; C08K005-00; C08K005-06; C08K005-07; C08K005-10; C08L043-04; G03F007-004; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76

IT 337954-60-6P 337954-62-8P 337954-64-0P 337954-66-2P 337954-68-4P 337954-71-9P

337954-74-2P 337954-76-4P

(polymer in alkali-developable pos.-working photoresist composition)

L16 ANSWER 31 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:414681 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:26887

TITLE:

Alkali-developable positive-working

photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 66 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2001154360	A2	20010608	JP 1999-338486	
				1999 1129
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-338486	
				1999
•			/	1129

GI

AB The title composition contains: (A) an actinic ray- or radiation-sensitive acid generator; (B) an acid-sensitive resin becoming alkali soluble; (C) mixed solvents; (D) a basic organic compound; and (E) fluoro-/and/or silicone surfactant and a nonionic surfactant. The polymer has repeating units: [CH2C(Y)(L-CO2(CH2)2Si(R')(R'')(R''')) (Y = H, Me, cyano, Cl; L = single bond, 2-valent bond; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, etc.), and I (Z = O, N-alkyl) or [-CH(COX1-A1R1)-CH(COX2-A2-R2)-](X1-2 = 0, S, -NH-, etc.; A1-2 = single bond, 2-valent connecting group; R1-2 = H, CN, OH, etc.). The mixed solvent consists of propylene glycol monoalkyl ether alkoxylate and one chosen from group (F) or group (G) where group (F) is propylene glycol monoalkyl ether, alkyl lactate, and alkoxyalkyl propionate and group (G) is γ -butyrolactone, ethylene carbonate, and propylene carbonate'. The composition, which contains the copolymer, provides the improved pattern quality of mixed line d. areas. ΙT 335385-70-1P 335385-72-3P 340977-48-2P

340977-50-6P 340977-52-8P 343329-10-2P

(polymer in alkali-developable pos.-working photoresist composition)

RN335385-70-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 335385-72-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid, monobutyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe}_3 & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \mid \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \mid & \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 61537-83-5 CMF C8 H12 O4

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-48-2 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 498-66-8 CMF C7 H10



CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-50-6 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, monomethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 36897-94-6 CMF C10 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-70-8 CMF C14 H20 O4

RN 343329-10-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid, mono(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, polymer with methyl 2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

```
CM
      2
```

CRN 120515-28-8 CMF C8 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

0 $MeO-C-CH=CH_2$

IC ICM G03F007-039

C08F222-06; C08F222-10; C08F222-38; C08F222-40; C08F230-08; C08F232-00; C08K005-00; C08L043-04; G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT335385-70-1P 335385-72-3P 335385-77-8P 340977-48-2P 340977-50-6P 340977-52-8P 340977-54-0P 343329-10-2P

(polymer in alkali-developable pos.-working photoresist composition)

L16 ANSWER 32 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:388948 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:12122 TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Positive-working photoresist composition containing sulfonium compound acid generator

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<u>-</u>		
A2	20010529	JP 1999-331785	
	:		1999
В.	20031201	TW 2000-89122531	1122
		2 2	2000
	;		1026
	A2	A2 20010529	A2 20010529 JP 1999-331785

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

US 6506535	B1	20030114	US 2000-698221		
					2000
					1030
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	'• :		JP 1999-307317	A	1000
					1999 1028
					1020
			JP 1999-331785	Α	
					1999
					1122
			JP 1999-338487	Α	1000
					1999
					1129
			JP 1999-343714	А	
					1999
					1202

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 135:12122

GI

$$\begin{bmatrix} HC = CH \end{bmatrix}_{n} \\ L \begin{bmatrix} CO - O & CH_{2} & Si - R^{2} \\ 2 & R^{3} \end{bmatrix}_{n} I$$

AΒ The composition comprises (A) a sulfonium compound R1R2R3S+.Z- [R1-3 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl; Z- = counter anion] which generates an acid by the action of the actinic ray or radiation, (B) an acid-decomposable resin having repeating units I (M1 = atoms forming alicyclic structure; n = 1, 2; L = bond, linkage with (n + 1) valences; R', R'', R''' = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl,trialkylsilyloxy) and ≥1 of II and III (Z = O, NR3; R3 = H, alkyl, OSO2R4; R4 = alkyl, trihalomethyl; X1-2 = H, S, NH, NHSO2; A1-2 = bond, divalent linkage; R1-2 = H, CN, OH, CO2H, CO2R5, CONHR6, alky1, alkoxy, cyclic hydrocarbon which may have ester or carbonyl group in ring-forming bond; R5 = alkyl, cyclic hydrocarbon which may have ester or carbonyl group in ring-forming bond; R6 = alkyl), (C) ≥1 solvent dissolving (A) and (B), (D) an organic base compound, and (E) ≥1 surfactant selected from F-, Si-, and nonionic surfactant. Particle generation in the resist solution is prevented, the composition shows high sensitivity and resolution and is useful for manufacture of contact hole patterns in semiconductor device fabrication. IT 337954-60-6P

(photoresist composition containing sulfonium compound acid

```
generator, acid-decomposable polymer, basic compound and
        surfactant)
RN
   337954-60-6 HCAPLUS
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
CN
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethýl ester, polymer with
     2,5-furandione and methyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          337954-57-1
     CMF
          C19 H40 O2 Si4
                       SiMea
          о- сн<sub>2</sub>- сн<sub>2</sub>-
                      Si-SiMe3
                       SiMe3
     CM
          2
     CRN
          108-31-6
     CMF
          C4 H2 O3
     CM
     CRN
          96-33-3
     CMF
          C4 H6 O2
MeO-C-CH-CH2
IT
     337954-62-8 337954-64-0 337954-66-2
     337954-68-4 337954-71-9
        (photoresist composition containing sulfonium compound acid
        generator, acid-decomposable polymer, basic compound and
        surfactant)
RN
     337954-62-8 HCAPLUS
     2-Butenedioic acid, mono(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, polymer with
CN
     methyl 2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-
     carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          337954-57-1
     CMF
          C19 H40 O2 Si4
```

CRN 61537-83-5 CMF C8 H12 O4 SiMe₃

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 337954-66-2 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \vdots & \text{SiMe}_3 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Si-SiMe}_3 \\ \vdots & \parallel & \vdots \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 498-66-8 CMF C7 H10



CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 337954-68-4 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, monomethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-57-1 CMF C19 H40 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 36897-94-6 CMF C10 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 337954-71-9 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
CM
      1
CRN
     337954-70-8
CMF
     C14 H20 O4
  C-
     OBu-t
    - OMe
  0
CM
      2
CRN
     337954-57-1
     C19 H40 O2 Si4
                    SiMe3
        CH2-CH2
                    Si-SiMe3
                   SiMe<sub>3</sub>
CM
      3
CRN
     108-31-6
CMF
     C4 H2 O3
```

IC ICM G03F007-039 ICS C08F222-02; C

ICS C08F222-02; C08F222-06; C08F222-40; C08F232-08; C08K005-103; C08K005-16; C08K005-36; C08L035-00; C08L045-00; C08L071-02; G03F007-004; H01L021-027; C07C381-12

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76

IT 337954-60-6P

(photoresist **composition** containing sulfonium compound acid generator, acid-decomposable polymer, basic compound and surfactant)

IT 337954-62-8 337954-64-0 337954-66-2 337954-68-4 337954-71-9 337954-74-2 337954-76-4

(photoresist composition containing sulfonium compound acid generator, acid-decomposable polymer, basic compound and surfactant)

L16 ANSWER 33 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:377066 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:12108

TITLE:

Positive-working photoresist composition containing binder resin having specific repeating units for contact hole fabrication

INVENTOR(S):

Sato, Kenichiro; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 57 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001142220	A2	20010525	JP 1999-322950	
				1999
				1112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-322950	
				1999
			•	1112

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 135:12108

GΙ

Ι

- AB The title pos.-working photoresist composition contains an actinic rayor radiation-sensitive acid generator made of sulfonium salts; an acid-sensitive resin increasing the solubility towards an alkali by reacing with an acid; solvents, a basic organic compound, and a surfactant chosen from fluoro-, silicone, and nonion surfactants, wherein the resin has repeating unit [-CH2-C(Y)(L-CO2CH2CH2-Si(R1)(R2)(R3))-] (Y = H, n, CN, Cl; R1-3 = alkyl, Ph, trialkylsilyl, trialkylsilyloxy) and one of repeating unit I (Z = O, N-R4; R4 = H, OH, alkyl, etc.) and [-CH(COX1-A1-R5)-CH(COX2-A2-R4)]R6)-] (X1-2 = O, S, -NH-, -NHSO2-; A1-2 = connecting group; R5-6 = H, CN, OH, <math>-COOH, etc.). The photoresist composition, which contains the binder resin having specific repeating units, provides the improved sensitivity and the resolution suitable for contact hole fabrication.
- TT 335385-70-1P 335385-72-3P 340977-46-0P 340977-48-2P 340977-50-6P 340977-52-8P

(pos.-working photoresist composition for contact hole fabrication)

RN 335385-70-1 HCAPLUS

```
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with
CN
      2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-
      bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI)
                                                                  (CA INDEX
      NAME)
      CM
           1
      CRN 335385-69-8
      CMF
          C14 H34 O2 Si4
       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH^2
       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
      CM
           2
     CRN
           108-31-6
     CMF
           C4 H2 O3
     CM
           3
     CRN
           80-62-6
     CMF
           C5 H8 O2
 H<sub>2</sub>C
Me-C-C-OMe
     335385-72-3 / HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     2-Butenedioic acid, monobutyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione
     and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl
     2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN 335385-69-8
     CMF
         C14 H34 O2 Si4
       SiMe3
Me_3Si-Si-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH=-CH_2
       SiMe<sub>3</sub>
```

```
CM 2
```

CRN 61537-83-5 CMF C8 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-46-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid, mono(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 211369-53-8 / CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\text{O}}_{\parallel}$ $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$

RN 340977-48-2 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene and 2,5-furandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8 CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6

CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-50-6 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, monomethyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 335385-69-8

CMF C14 H34 O2 Si4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{SiMe3} & \text{O} \\ | & | \\ \text{Me}_3 \text{Si} - \text{Si} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ | & \\ \text{SiMe}_3 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 36897-94-6 CMF C10 H12 O4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 340977-52-8 HCAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl methyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 337954-70-8 CMF C14 H20 O4

```
CM
      2
```

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, /and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 76

IT335385-70-1P 335385-72-3P 335385-77-8P/ 340977-46-0P 340977-48-2P 340977-50-6P 340977-52-8P 340977-54-0P

> (pos.-working photoresist composition for contact hole fabrication)

L16 ANSWER 34 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT/2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:192072 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:238693

TITLE:

Thermoplastic/olefin elastomer compositions

with good sliding properties

INVENTOR (S):

Okuda, Harukázu; Ohata, Hiroyuki PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nisshin Kagaku Kogyo K. K., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	PATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
- JP 2001072808	A2	20010321	JP 1999-248988	
		1		1999
		j		0902
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		!	JP 1999-248988	
				1999
				0902

AB The compns., useful for sliding parts, contain 0.1-50 phr acrylic-modified polysiloxanes prepared by graft polymerization of a (5-95):(95-5) mixture of (a) Z10(SiR1R20)m(SiR3Y0)nZ2 [R1-R3 = C1-20 (halogenated) hydrocarbyl; Y = monovalent radically reactive group, SH-containing monovalent organic group; Z1, Z2 = H, lower alkyl, SiR4R5R6; R4, R5 = C1-20 (halogenated) hydrocarby1; R6 = C1-20 (halogenated) hydrocarbyl, Y; $m \le 10,000$; $n \ge 1$] and (b) H2C:CR7CO2R8 (R7 = H, Me; R8 = (alkoxy-substituted) alkyl; cycloalkyl, aryl) or mixts. thereof. Thus, an/emulsion prepared by reaction of mercaptopropylmethylsiloxane and octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane was graft polymerized with Et acrylate, Me methacrylate, and 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate to give an acrylic-modified polysiloxane, 20 parts of which was kneaded with 100 parts Santoprene 101-73 (polypropylene-EPDM thermoplastic rubber) and injection-molded to give a test piece with static friction coefficient 0.5, dynamic friction/coefficient 0.3, and no surface tackiness. IT 330578-06-8P 330578-07-9P (thermoplastic olefin elastomer compns. with good sliding properties) RN 330578-06-8 HCAPLUS CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate, (3-mercaptopropyl) methylsilanediol, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and octamethylcyclotetrasilane, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 156730-90-4 CMF C4 H12 O2 S Si OH Me-Si-(CH₂)₃-SHOH CM 2 CRN 38041-04-2 CMF C8 H24 Si4 Me Me Me⁻ −Si−Si−−Me -- Si--Si-

CM 3

Me

Me

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & || & || \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 330578-07-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(dihydroxymethylsilyl)propyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and octamethylcyclotetrasilane, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156787-79-0 CMF C8 H16 O4 Si

CM 2

CRN 38041-04-2 CMF C8 H24 Si4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 330578-04-6 HCAPLUS

CN Silanediol, (3-mercaptopropyl)methyl-, polymer with octamethylcyclotetrasilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 156730-90-4 CMF C4 H12 O2 S Si

CM 2

CRN 38041-04-2

CMF C8 H24 Si4

```
Me
          Me
Me
     Si-
         −Si---Me
Me-
     Si-
          -Si-
               - Me
     Me
          Me
RN
      330578-05-7 HCAPLUS
CN
      2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(dihydroxymethylsilyl)propyl ester,
      polymer with octamethylcyclotetrasilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
      CM
           1
      CRN
           156787-79-0
      CMF
          C8 H16 O4 Si
                    O CH<sub>2</sub>
    OH
Me-Si-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
                 0- С- С- Ме
    OH
      CM
           2
     CRN
           38041-04-2
      CMF
           C8 H24 Si4
     Me
          Me
     Si
Me
          Si-
Me-
     Si
     Me
          Me
```

IC ICM C08L023-00

IT

ICS C08L023-00; C08L051-08

CC 39-9 (Synthetic Elastomers and Natural Rubber)

IT 330578-06-8P 330578-07-9P

> (thermoplastic olefin elastomer compns. with good sliding properties)

330578-04-6P, Mercaptopropylmethylsilanedioloctamethylcyclotetrasilane copolymer 330578-05-7P (thermoplastic olefin elastomer compns. with good sliding properties)

L16 ANSWER 35 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:143712 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:179709

TITLE:

Crosslinkable silicon polymer compositions and plasma-etchable antireflective films with good

abrasion resistance and strength for resists Mori, Shigeru; Hamada, Yoshitaka; Tabei,

INVENTOR(S):

Eiichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shin-Etsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001055512	A2	20010227	JP 1999-231969	
				1999
JP 3562569	В2	20040908		0818
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	DZ	20040000	JP 1999-231969	
				1999
				0818

AB The compns. contain (a) Si polymers (Mw 500-500,000) having Si-Si bond and ≥2 Si-H group, (b) HC.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C(SiR1R2 C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C)nH or (YC.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C)3aSi(R3)a(Q)bSi(R3)c(C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.CY)3-c [A =(un) substituted phenylene; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, amino, C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.CH; Y = H, [SiR1R2(Q)bSiR1R2C.tplbond.CAC.tplbond.C]nH; Q = O, (CH2)m,(un)substituted phenylene; R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy; n = 1-10; m = 0-6; a, c = 0, 1, 2; b = 0, 1], and (c) hydrosilylation catalysts. Thus, a composition containing [(MePhSi)2(MeHSi)2(Me2Si)2]n (Mn 2470, Mw 5330) 100, (p-HC.tplbond.CC6H4C.tplbond.C)2SiPhH 20, and BTTB 25 (peroxy benzophenone) 20 parts was spin-coated and cured to give a film showing pencil hardness 5H and no solubility in toluene. \mathbf{IT} 326856-31-9P

> (crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

RN326856-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Disilane, 1,2-bis[(4-ethynylphenyl)ethynyl]-1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-, polymer with dichlorodimethylsilane, dichloromethylphenylsilane and dichloromethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326856-30-8 CMF C24 H22 Si2

CRN 149-74-6 CMF C7 H8 Cl2 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-78-5 CMF C2 H6 Cl2 Si

CM 4

CRN 75-54-7 CMF C H4 Cl2 Si

IT 326856-50-2P

(oligomeric, crosslinking agent; crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective films for resists)

RN 326856-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Disilane, 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,3-diethynylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 4342-61-4 · CMF C4 H12 Cl2 Si2

```
Cl
Me-Si-Me
Me-Si-Me
   Cl
     CM
          2
     CRN
          1785-61-1
     CMF C10 H6
HC≡ C
               C = CH
IC
     ICM C08L083-16
     ICS C08G077-60; G03F007-11; H01L021-027
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 74
IT
     326856-21-7P
                    326856-25-1P 326856-31-9P
                                                326856-35-3P
     326856-39-7P
                    326856-42-2P
                                   326859-60-3P
        (crosslinkable polysilane compns. for plasma-etchable
        antireflective films for resists)
IT
     184886-16-6P
                   184886-21-3P
                                   184899-03-4P, Dichlorophenylsilane-p-
     diethynylbenzene copolymer 326856-50-2P
        (oligomeric, crosslinking agent; crosslinkable polysilane
        compns. for plasma-etchable antireflective fixms for
        resists)
L16 ANSWER 36 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2000:739626 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         133:327657
TITLE:
                         Positive-working radiation-sensitive
                         composition and resist pattern formation using
                         same
INVENTOR(S):
                         Nio, Hiroyuki; Țámura, Kazutaka; Obayashi,
                         Gentaro
                         Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tøkkyo Koho, 9 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXÁF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                             JP 2000-11358
     JP 2000292928
                          A2
                                20001020
                                                                    2000
                                                                    0120
                                             JP 1999-25753
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                           USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28
```

1999 0203

AB The title radiation-sensitive composition contains (a) a polymer having a structural unit CH2CX(COA) (X = halo or CN) in which A is an organic group that is decomposed by the action of acid to form an alkali-soluble group and contains ≥1 silyl group and (b) an acid generator generating an acid by irradiation with radiation. The composition is coated on a substrate, dried, pattern wise exposed to light, and developed to form a pattern. The composition shows high photosensitivity and provides sub-quarter micron patterns.

IT 302784-12-9P

(radiation resist **composition** containing acrylic polymer with silyl group and acid generator)

RN 302784-12-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-chloro-, (pentamethyldisilanyl)methyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 302784-11-8 CMF C9 H19 Cl O2 Si2

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT **302784-12-9P** 302784-14-1P 302784-16-3P 302784-19-6P 302784-21-0P 302784-23-2P

(radiation resist composition containing acrylic polymer with silyl group and acid generator)

L16 ANSWER 37 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:551258 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:185526

TITLE:

Resist composition containing silicon-based

additive

INVENTOR(S):

Lin, Chinghuan; Hughes, Timothy M.; Giordamo, George M.; Katonanne, Ahmad D.; Morrow, Wayne

M.; Patel, Niranjan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

International Business Machines Corp., USA

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2000221686	A2	20000811	JP 2000-13834	. •	
				200	0
				012	4
JP 3202979	B2	20010827			
US 6210856	B1	20010403	US 1999-238823		
				199	9
				012	7
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-238823	Α	
				199	9
				012	7

AB The title resist composition comprises (a) a Si-containing polymer additive, (b) a Si-free base polymer, (c) a photoacid, and (d) a solvent, wherein (a) and/or (b) contains an acid-sensitive protective group and (a) and (b) become soluble in an aqueous basic solution after the exposure process. This resist composition provided high resolution and etching resistance.

IT 211369-54-9 288248-97-5

(resist composition containing silicon-based additive)

RN 211369-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-ethenylphenol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4

CM 2

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

RN 288248-97-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]ethyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 4-ethenylphenol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 211369-53-8 CMF C15 H36 O2 Si4 the cropships organt?

CM 2

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

$$CH = CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

IT 211369-54-9 288248-97-5

(resist composition containing silicon-based additive)

L16 ANSWER 38 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:144596 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:182001

TITLE:

Water-thinned silicone emulsion compositions

containing silatrane derivatives for fiber

treatments

INVENTOR(S):

Ishikawa, Hiroki; Naganawa, Tsutomu; Ona,

Isao; Yoshitake, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dow Corning Toray Silicone Company, Ltd.,

Japan Eur. Pat. Ar

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 982358	Δ2.	20000301	EP 1999-117062	

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

1999 0830

EP 982358 20010425 Α3

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,

MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO JP 2000072968 A2 20000307 JP 1998-242881

> 1998 0828

US 6180712 В1 20010130 US 1999-384694

1999 0827

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1998-242881

1998

0828

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:182001

The composition having yellowing resistance and good adhesion to fibers, comprises (A) an organopolysiloxane having ≥2 silicon-bonded groups selected from hydroxyl or alkoxy groups in each mol.; (B) a microparticulate silica; (C) a curing catalyst; and (D) a silatrane derivative

IT259182-18-8P, Octamethylcyclotetrasilane-

phenyltriethoxysilane copolymer

(water-thinned silicone emulsion compns. containing

silatrane derivs. for fiber treatments)

RN259182-18-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclotetrasilane, octamethyl-, polymer with triethoxyphenylsilane (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 38041-04-2 CMF C8 H24 Si4

CM 2

CRN 780-69-8 CMF C12 H20 O3 Si

Ph Eto-Si-OEt OEt

ICM C08K005-54

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ICS C08L083-04
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CC 40-9 (Textiles and Fibers)

Section cross-reference(s): 37, 39

IT 259182-18-8P, Octamethylcyclotetrasilane-

phenyltriethoxysilane copolymer

(water-thinned silicone emulsion compns. containing silatrane derivs. for fiber treatments)

L16 ANSWER 39 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:150929 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:158328

TITLE:

Thermoplastic resin compositions for laser

marking

INVENTOR(S):

Yamazaki, Natsuki; Ito, Hiroyuki; Motai,

Masaaki; Nagai, Hisao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Japan Synthetic Rubber Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

CODEN: JKXXAF

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08333503	A2	19961217	JP 1995-166793	1995
JP 3221286	B2	20011022		0608
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-166793/	
				1995 0608

The compns., showing good processability, gloss, impact and fire resistance, contain 100 parts a mixture containing 70-99% (rubber-reinforced) thermoplastic resins comprising (A) copolymers prepared by graft polymerization of aromatic vinyl monomers, cyano vinyl monomers, (meth)acrylic acid esters, and/or maleimides in the presence of rubbers, and/or (B) copolymers of the above monomers, and 1-30% fireproofing agents; and 0.001-5 parts colorants. Thus, 80 parts acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene graft copolymer, 20 parts tribromophenol-terminated epichlorohydrin-tetrabromobisphenol A oligomer, 1 part a black dye, and other additives were mixed, and injection molded to give test pieces showing Izod impact strength 21 kg-cm/cm, UL-94 flammability rating V-0, good appearance and processability.

IT 186765-38-8P

(rubber-reinforced thermoplastic resin compns. for laser marking)

RN 186765-38-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with ethenylbenzene, (4-ethenylphenyl)dimethoxymethylsilane and

octamethylcyclotetrasilane, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 38041-04-2 CMF C8 H24 Si4

CM 2

CRN 17998-86-6 CMF C11 H16 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 4

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

IC ICM C08L055-02 ICS C08L055-02; B05D005-00; B05D005-06; B41M005-26; C08L051-08; H01S003-00; B23K026-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 39, 74

IT 9003-54-7P, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 9011-14-7P, Parapet GF 25213-88-1P, Acrylonitrile-methyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 31621-07-5P, Acrylonitrile-N-phenylmaleimide-styrene copolymer 106677-58-1P, Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene graft copolymer 186765-38-8P

(rubber-reinforced thermoplastic resin compns. for laser marking)

L16 ANSWER 40 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:321240 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:46639

TITLE: Silicon-containing polymer electrically

conducting composition

INVENTOR(S): Fukushima, Motoo; Mori, Shigeru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shinetsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08069709	A2	19960312	JP 1994-227323 /	
			/	1994
				0829
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-227323	
			/.	1994
•			/	0829

AB The composition contains (A) an oxidative compound-doped Si-containing polymer and (B) an ester. The polymer may be/a polysilane, a poly(disilanylenephenylene), or a poly(disilanyleneethynylene). The composition shows high elec. conductivity and good flexibility.

IT 123438-61-9, Bis (chloromethylphenylsilyl) ácetylene homopolymer, sru

(doped silicon-containing polymer composition containing)

RN123438-61-9 HCAPLUS

CNPoly[(1,2-dimethyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-disilanediyl)-1,2-ethynediyl] (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM H01B001-12

ICS C08L083-16; HO1B001-20

CC 76-2 (Electric Phénomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 31324-77-3, Dichloromethylphenylsilane homopolymer 76188-55-1, Poly (methylphenylsilylene) 97036-68-5, Dichlorodioctylsilane homopolymer / 98865-30-6, Poly(dioctylsilylene) 123438-61-9,/Bis(chloromethylphenylsilyl)acetylene homopolymer/ sru 139102-63-9, Bis(chloromethylphenylsilyl) acetyl ene homopolymer 147171-62-8, Bis (chloromethylphenylsilyl) benzene homopolymer, sru 161436-50-6, Bis(chloromethylphenylsilyl)benzen e homopolymer 177933-60-7, Bis(chloromethylphenylsilylacetyl)ben zene homopolymer, sru 177966-13-1, Bis(chloromethylphenylsilylac etyl)benzene homopolymer

(doped silicon-containing polymer composition containing)

L16 ANSWER 41 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:974180 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:103806

TITLE:

Electrically conductive polymer composition

INVENTOR(S):

Fukushima, Motoo; Aramata, Mikio; Mori,

Shigeru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shinetsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

CODEN: JKXXAF

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07254307	A2	19951003	JP 1995-19845	
•				1995
				0112
US 5549851	A	19960827	US 1995-37 <i>7∕</i> 342	
			. /	1995
				0124
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	•		JP 1994-23135 A	
•				1994
				0125

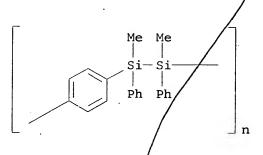
AB The composition contains an oxidizing dopant-doped macromol. compound containing Si, mixed with an amine compound The macromol. may be polysilanes, poly(disilanylenephenyléne), or poly(disilanyleneethynylene). The /composition shows excellent shape formability. Thus, I-doped phenylmethylpolysilane mixed with triphenylamine showed 6 + 10-5 S/cm conductivity

IT 95014-30-5P 111231-05-1P 123438/61-9P

> (doped; conductive compns. /containing amines and oxidizing dopant-doped silicon polymers)

RN 95014-30-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(1,2-dimethyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-disilanediyl)-1,4-phenylene] (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 111231-05-1 / HCAPLUS

Poly[(1,2-dimethyl-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-disilanediyl)-1,2-ethynediyl-CN 1,4-phenylene-1,2-ethynediyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} & \text{Me Me} \\ & | & | \\ & -\text{Si-Si-C} \equiv \text{C} \end{array}\right]_{n}$$

IC ICM H01B001-06

ICS C08K003-00; C08K005-17; C08L083-16

CC 76-2 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 31324-77-3P 76188-55-1P, Poly(methylphenylsilylene) 95014-30-5P 95014-60-1P 97036-68-5P, Dichlorodioctylsilane homopolymer 98865-30-6P,

Poly(dioctylsilylene) 111231-05-1P 123438-61-9P

139102-63-9P 172943-19-0P

(doped; conductive compns. containing amines and oxidizing dopant-doped silicon polymers)

L16 ANSWER 42 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:701657 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:301657

TITLE:

Macrocyclic conjugated polymer compounds with good stability and electric conductivity and

compositions containing the same

INVENTOR(S):

Nakajima, Keizo; Sonoda, Nobuo; Tanaka,

Kazuyoshi; Yamabe, Tokio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Matsushita Electric Ind Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JĶXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
/ A2	19940506	JP 1993-153573	1993
B2	19980318	US 1993-112977	0624
A	19941018		1993
	A2	A2 19940506	A2 19940506 JP 1993-153573
	B2	B2 19980318	B2 19980318

0830 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1992-230872 1992 0831 JP 1993-153573 1993 0624 AB The title compds. have a main chain containing conjugated cyclic structure of ≥7 atoms, and neighboring cycles are connected by covalent or conjugated bonds. Acetylenedimagnesium dibromide was treated with 1,2,4,5-tetrabromobenzene in the presence of dichlorobipyridylnickel in THF to obtain a polymer forming a cast film with elec. conductivity 4.7 + 10-4 S/cm as-prepared and 31 S/cm after doped by AsF5. IT 159323-88-3P 159323-89-4P 159323-90-7P 159323-92-9P (macrocyclic conjugated polymer compds. with good stability and elec. conductivity and compns. containing the same), RN159323-88-3 HCAPLUS CNEthenetetracarbonitrile, polymer with 1,1,2,2-tetraméthyl-1,2disilanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 159323-87-2 CMF C4 H16 N2 Si2 NH₂ Me-Si-Me Me-Si-Me NH₂CM 2 CRN 670-54-2 CMF C6 N4 CNCNRN159323-89-4 HCAPLUS CN 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarbonitrile, polymer with 1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-1,2-disilanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1

CRN 159323-87-2 CMF C4 H16 N2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 712-74-3 CMF C10 H2 N4

RN 159323-90-7 HCAPLUS

CN Magnesium, tetrabromo- μ 4-1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayltetra-, polymer with 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetramethyldisilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159323-85-0 CMF C6 H2 Br4 Mg4

CM 2

CRN 4342-61-4 CMF C4 H12 Cl2 Si2

RN 159323-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxaldehyde, polymer with 1,1,2,2-tetramethyl-1,2-disilanediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
CM
      1
```

CRN 159323-87-2 CMF C4 H16 N2 Si2

CM 2

CRN 14674-89-6 CMF C10 H6 O4

IC ICM C08G077-62

ICS C08L083-16; H01B001-12

CC35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 159323-84-9P 159323-86-1P **159323-88-3P** 159323-89-4P 159323-90-7P 159323-91-8P 159323-92-9P

> (macrocyclic conjugated polymer compds. with good stability and elec. conductivity and compns. containing the same)

L16 ANSWER 43 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:560949 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

103:160949

TITLE:

Plasma polymerization of organosilicon

compounds

AUTHOR (S):

Inagaki, N.; Kondo, S/.; Hirata, M.;

Urushibata, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Eng., Shizuoka Univ., Hamamatsu, 432,

SOURCE:

Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1985),

30(8), 3385-95

CODEN: JAPNAB;/ISSN: 0021-8995

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Plasma polymns. of 5 Si compds./having.chemical formula Me3SiZSiMe3, Z = none, CH2, NH, O, and S, were investigated by elemental anal., IR spectroscopy, and ESCA. The chemical composition of plasma-polymerized polymers was influenced by the Z groups. When Z = S the resultant polymers contained no S; when Z = CH2 the polymers were rich in C and H atoms. Details in chemical composition were determined by IR and ESCA. Such differences in chemical composition reflected on gas permeability of the plasma films.

IT 61469-35-0

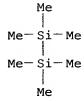
(composition and permeability of plasma-polymerized)

RN 61469-35-0 HCAPLUS

CN Disilane, hexamethyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1450-14-2 CMF C6 H18 Si2



CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
IT 26298-61-3 27495-70-1 **61469-35-0** 98806-05-4

(composition and permeability of plasma-polymerized)

L16 ANSWER 44 OF 45 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

98806-06-5

1978:171711 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

88:171711

TITLE:

Silicon carbide manufacture

INVENTOR (S):

Yajima, Seishi; Hayashi, Jotaro; Ohmori,

Mamoru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Research Institute for Iron, Steel and Other

Metals, Tohoku University, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese .

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				_
JP 52112700	A2	19770921	JP 1976-21365	
				1976
				0228
JP 61006088	B4	19860224		
US 4159259	Α	19790626	US 1977-770138	
				1977
				0218
GB 1579982	A	19801126	GB 1977-7600	
				1977
				,0223
CA 1102483	A1	19810602	CA 1977-272446	
				1977
				0223
SE 7702090	Α	19770829	SE 1977-2090	
				1977
				0225
SE 432260	. В	19840326		

SE 432260	С	19840705			
FR 2345477	A1	19771021	FR 1977-5651		
					1977
					0225
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AB Linear and/or cyclic polycarbosilanes with mol. weight 500-10,000 and intrinsic viscosity 0.01-1.5 were sintered at 800-1500° in a nonoxidizing atmospheric to give amorphous compns. containing >40% SiC. For example, a solution of dodecamethylcyclohexasilane polymer [57495-36-0] (mol. weight 1500, intrinsic viscosity 0.25) in benzene was spun to give fiber which was then heated under N to 1400° at a rate of 300°/h to give SiC fiber in 65% yield.

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CC . 39-2 (Textiles)

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TITLE:

Poly(organosiloxazanes) with branched and

crosslinkeď structure

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AB A study of the polycondensation of polycyclic organosilazanes with linear and cyclic organosilanols showed that branched and crosslinked siloxazane polymers were obtained. The thermal polycondensation of pentamethylhexaethyltricyclosilazane (I) and HO(SiMe2O)xH (II, X = 42) proceeded via silazane ring cleavage at Si-NH-Si bonds with formation of SiO bonds and NH2 groups, which condensed with OH groups of other diol mols. to form a crosslinked polymer with gelation occurring after 8.5 h. With shorter chains such as II, X = 9, the process was faster and gelation occurred after 3 h. The thermal stability of the siloxazane polymers depended on their structure and chemical composition The

polymer from I and HO(SiMe2O)10H underwent thermal degradation at 400-80° and thermal oxidative degradation at 240-420°, in comparison to 340-400° and 290-410°, resp., for a hexylsilsesquiazane-tetrahydroxytetraphenylcyclotetrasiloxane copolymer [62962-68-9].
36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

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